

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd *DL*
 FROM : J. P. Coyne *JPC*
 SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE

DATE: July 15, 1947

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. E. A. Tamm	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Carson	_____
Mr. Egan	_____
Mr. Gurnea	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Hendon	_____
Mr. Pennington	_____
Mr. Quinn Tamm	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Your attention is directed to the information appearing in the attached letter, which was observed by Supervisor Yeagley in reviewing old files and related data in connection with the preparation of the Brief.

You will note that while we have no specific information at this time to establish the point, there are indications that prior to August 8, 1921, Trygve Lie may have been connected in Norway with Communist elements or with a Communist publishing house.

At first glance, it would appear that we might be investigating Trygve Lie and, accordingly, it would appear that we should obtain clearance from the State Department before conducting any inquiry. However, while the letter to New York is designed primarily to determine the significance of Lie's name appearing in the documents found at 170 Bleeker Street, New York City, I do not construe this in any sense of the word as an investigation of Lie and, consequently, I think the letter should go forth without any referral to the State Department. After New York conducts the discreet investigation in an endeavor to run this thing out, the information will then be made available to the State Department for its information and any action it deems apropos.

JPC:EW

SE 28

RECORDED

100 - 351653 - 1

15 JUL 23 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 2/23/95 BY SP9 AG/dmj
 #90-1267 (per release
 190-15457-EBF 9)

Washington, D. C.

July 18, 1947

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Mr. E. Scheidt
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
234 U. S. Court House, Foley Square
New York 7, New York

Re: DOCUMENTS FOUND AT 170 Bleeker Street,
New York City, April 29, 1921;
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to New York letter of August 8, 1921, bearing no caption, but which was one of a series of letters from your office transmitting copies of papers found at 170 Bleeker Street, New York City, at the time of the arrest by the New York police of Israel Amter and Abram Jakira. Both were prominent Communist leaders and were arrested at the above address on April 29, 1921, by the New York police, at which time large quantities of Communist papers and official documents were seized. Jakira is believed to have been the Executive Secretary of what was then known as the United Communist Party of America.

Among the copies of documents enclosed in the referenced letter was a typewritten list consisting of names of persons and publishing houses, each name being followed by an address in a foreign country. You will note that the fifth line from the bottom of page two of that list reads as follows: "Stud. Jur. Trygve Lie, Grorud Pr., Kristiana, Norway."

In view of the nature of the other documents seized at the time this list was obtained, it is desired that you establish definitely the exact nature of this list by an examination of your files. If additional inquiries become necessary, they must be handled in a most discreet manner. You are aware of the position that Trygve Lie holds with the United Nations Organization, and no inquiries are to be made which will in any way indicate that this Bureau is investigating Lie. It is essential that proper caution be exercised in this regard.

As an aid in locating these papers in your files, the list referred to contains the following on the top line of the first page:

"June 16, 1921

"COPY 25 (Encl. 5, J. G. DIST. COURT, SDNY (Initialed JLI April 29, 1921")

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Nease	

MAILED 3
(JWY:wmj)
JUL 18 1947 P.M.
HBF:cmw
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AGJ/mj

90-1267 (190-15457 EBF-9)

The report from your office concerning the aforementioned arrests was made by Special Agent Edward Anderson May 6, 1921, and was captioned, "Flinn alias John E. Siebert. Abram Jackira and Israel Amter".

The name Flinn refers to Edward J. Lindgren, another prominent Communist at that time who apparently was arrested on the same date but at a different address. These persons were charged with a violation of the New York State Criminal Syndicalism Statute.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: August 4, 1947.

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: DOCUMENTS FOUND AT
170 Bleeker Street
New York City, April 29, 1921
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurlet July 18, 1947, requesting search for documents submitted to this office by the Police Department in 1921.

Please be advised that a complete search of the files of this office has failed to locate these particular documents. It is the belief that they were destroyed either in accordance with the rule of destroying material which is 25 years old, or in connection with a review of exhibits handled at periodic intervals in the past.

The Bureau is requested to advise if any further action is desired relative to this matter.

WTM:RHG

RECORDED

100-351653-2
32 AUG 22 1947ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267 (Per release
190-15457-EBF9)

100-351653

Tryggve @ Lie

Letter New York
JWY
8-12-47READ BY
NAME DATE

100-351653-2

SAC, New York

August 12, 1947

RECORDED

Director, FBI

DOCUMENTS FOUND AT 170 BLEEKER STREET,
NEW YORK CITY
APRIL 29, 1921
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference is made to Bureau letter of July 18, 1947, concerning the captioned matter, and to your reply of August 4, 1947, advising that you were unable to locate the documents referred to in your files. There are enclosed herewith two copies of your cover letter of August 8, 1921, together with two copies of the document in question which was enclosed and which consists of a list of names and addresses in foreign countries. *mag*

Your attention is called to the following typed notation appearing at the top of that list: "June 16, 1921, Ex. 5, U. S. DIST. COURT, SDNY." In this regard it is suggested that, without revealing an interest in Exhibit No. 5, you discreetly attempt to obtain a copy of the transcript of the testimony in the case being tried in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on June 16, 1921, for the purpose of examining that transcript in order to determine what witness identified Exhibit No. 5, the nature of that identification, and his testimony in relation thereto.

If that is unsuccessful, it is suggested that you detach page three of the list, on which page the name of Trygve Lie appears, and that the remainder of the list then be displayed to Benjamin Gitlow and also to Confidential Informant No. [] for their separate opinions as to the nature or purpose of that list of names, which you will recall was obtained by the New York Police at the above address at the time of the arrest of Israel Amter and Abraham Jakira. *b2 b7D*

In the event the foregoing inquiries are unproductive and other logical leads suggest themselves, such leads should be handled only in the most discreet manner. In view of the important diplomatic position held by Mr. Lie with the United Nations Organization, no inquiries should be made which might indicate in any way that this Bureau is investigating Mr. Lie.

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NY:mer

MAILED 4

13-1947 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy

90-1267

(per release
190-15457-EBF9)

100-351653-2

TRUE COPY

Office of
Division Superintendent

Telephone, Barclay 8160
Post Office Box 241
City Hall Station

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
15th Park Row, 14th Floor
New York, N.Y.

August 8, 1921.

Chief,
Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Attention Mr. J. E. Hoover

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith copies of papers found at
170 Bleecker Street at the time of the arrest by the local police
of Jakira and Amter.

Yours very truly,

/s/ F. X. O'Donnell

F. X. O'DONNELL,
Acting Special Agent in Charge.

JLH:FJK

100-351653-2

ENCLOSURE

*original filed in
100-202600-1795-83*

TRUE COPY

June 16, 1921

Copy FF (Ex. 5, U.S. DIST. COURT, SDNY (Initialed JM JLN Apr. 29, 1921

Mr Rudolf Grossman, Schiessstattegraben 237, Klosterneuberg,
Nr. Vienna Austria.

Volksrecht, Stauffacherstrasse, Zurich, Switzerland.

F. Loriet, 9 Avenue du Pont de Flandre, Paris 19ieme, France

Secretary Weltjudgendliga, I Annagasse 3, Vienna Austria.

L Humanite 142 Rue Montmatre, Paris (2) France

Will Andrade 201 Bourke St Melbourne, Australia

W Francis Ahern Box 2471, C P O, Sidney N S W Australia

La Voz del Chauffeur, Editor, Beunos Aires Argentina.

Secretary Mexico 2037, Penesamientoy Ancion, Buenos Aires, Argentina

Golos Truda, Casilla COrreo 26, Montevideo Uruguay

R E Holzermann Federacion de Rodados, Y Transportes 2037 Mexico
Buenos Aires Argentina

Sr C Enrique Arenas 21 de Mayo, 460 Iquique Chile

El Surco, El de Mayo 4601 quique Chile

Boletin del Torcedor Oquento 16, (Altos) Habana CUBA

Director Jose Bravo Oquendo 16 (altos) Habana Cuba

Sr Alejandro Barreiro Oquendo 16 (altos) Habana Cuba

Periodico Obrero Luz Netzahuacoyote 162 Apto Postal 1056
Mexico City Mexico

Mexican Socialist Party Calle Rayen 16 Mexico City D F Mexico

Miss Cecelia John, 54 Cochrane St., Brighton Victoria, Australia *****

Frank Seaman Editor, El Heraldo de Mexico, Paseo de la Reforma, 1,
Mexico CITY, DF, Mexico.

El Socialista P O Box 863 Mexico City, D F, Mexico.

100-351653-2

ENCLOSURE

TRUE COPY

A. Crawford, Box 3601, Johannesburg, South Africa.

D R Owen, STEPNEY VILLAS, Garmant Carmshire, South Wales.

The Reformer's Bookshop, 103 Kirgate, Bradford England.

Labour Research Dept. 34 Eccleston Square, London S W 1 England

Redaction, Der Bund, Berne SWITZERLAND

Otto Kaus, Lustkandlgasse 10/6 WIEN, IX, Austria

Monatschrift Sowjet, Lustkandlgasse 10/6 WIEN, IX, Austria

Richard Lanyi, Kärnerstrasse 44, WIEN (1) Austria

Freie Tribune, Glockengasse 6, Tur 17, Wien 11, Austria

Rotterdamisch Leeskabinet, Rotterdam, Holland

Het Volk, Kelzersgracht, Amsterdam Holland

Die Nieuwe Amsterdammer, Amsterdam Holland

D J Wijukoop, Amstel, 35, Amsterdam Holland

Redactie: DE Tribune, Amstel 36, Amsterdam Holland

The Ocean, Rokin 151, Amsterdam Holland

Leo Frensser, 36 Godenstraat, Antwerp, Holland

W. Van Ravenstein, Amstel, 35, AMSTERDAM HOLLAND

C. J. Rutgers, Van Campenstraat, Amersfoort, Holland

Jas O'GRADY, Hotel TOURISTE, Copenhagen, Denmark

Red. Social DEMOKRATEN, Copenhagen Denmark

Fred Ström, Klara Norra, Kyrgogardsgatan 23, Stockholm Sweden

Z Hogland, Klara Norra, Kyrgogardsgatan 23, Stockholm Sweden

Frans Forlag, Torsgatan 10, Stockholm, Sweden

Otto Grimlund, Tordgatan 10, Stockholm Sweden

Vansterpress, Torsgatan 10, Stockholm Sweden

John A Linner, Ocke Sweden

John Hazeland, % Hiesterretsassessor, Herbit Gate, Kristiana, Norway

TRUE COPY

Fru Anna Hamf, Regnerverien 9 c, 111, Kristian Norway

Stud. Jur. Trygve Lie, Grorud Pr. Kristiana Norway

A Arvanitis, Rue Euripide 14, Athens, Greece *****

Framtidens Folk, Vitus Huset Lidings Villastad, Sweden *****

M SERAFIM CARDOSO LUCENA, Rua do Sol 131 Apatado 17, Oporto Portugal

Diario A Bathala, Oporto Portugal

Leonard House, 33 Oval Road EAST Croydon England

O B Roberts 130 Balsall Heath Rd, Birmingham England

Miss Sylvia Pankhurst 300 Old Ford Road, London, E 3 England

J S CLARK 196 St Vincent Str Glasgow Scotland

Boris Souvarine Le Populaire 12 Rue Feydeau Paris (2) France

Bibliothèque et Musées, de la Guerre, Rue de Clusee, 39 (VIII) Paris
France

D J Robertson 24 Lawrence St., Ponsonby Auckland, New Zealand

La vie Ouvrière, 96 Quai Jemmapes, Paris (X) France

Mr Alfred Rosmer, Rue Cadet 7 Paris (9) FRANCE

Editor National Council Office, 31 No Frederick Str. Glasgow Scotland

L'Internationale 78 Rue de Belleville Paris (XX) France

Clarte 12 Rue Feydeau Paris (2) France

Avanti Via S Damiani 16, Milano Italy

Espana, Prado 11, Madrid, Spain

Kommunistische Arbeitzeitung Neuer Steinweg 3-5 Hamburg (3) Germany

Hans Joest Verlag, Halle a/d Saale Germany

Miss Wise Katzler, Altonerstrasse 23, bei Steinschneider Berlin NE 23
Germany

Mrs Clara Zetkin, Wilhelmshöhe, Degerloch b Stuttgart, Germany

Mr Ernest Bloch Hamburger Strasse 16, Berlin Germany

Mr L Willems, Münchner Strasse, Berlin Germany

TRUE COPY

Klione FESTELE, Hasenheide 13, Berlin Germany

Mr Max Winkler, Neukolln, Berlin GERMANY

Maurer and Dimick, Kopernickerstrasse 36-38, BERLIN Germany

Mr ALBERT Loetzoch, Heinrichs in Thueringen, Germany

Red. "Der Nitmensch", Auguststrasse 60, Berlin N-24 Germany

Arthur Seehof, Auguststrasse 60, Berlin N 24 Germany

Red. "Le Phare", Rue P H Mathey 27, La Chaux de Fonds, Switzerland

Dir. Jules Humbert Droz, Rue P H Mathey, La Chaux de Fonds, Switzerland

Austria.

Die Rothe Fahne Alserstr. 79 Wien

Die Arbeiterzeitung Rechte Wienzeile 95 Wien 5

Switzerland

Volkrecht. Bahnhofspostfach Zurich

Berner TACWACHT, KAPELLENSTR, 6 Bern. *****

ITALY

Communismo, Milano, Via San Damiano 16.

Foreign

Fritz Kater

Kopernikuss str 25- II

Berlin O -34 Germany

Zeitschrift der K I Alserstrasse 69 Wien VIII Austria

Der Wecker Novaragasse 17 Wien-II Bezirk-Austria

Societe des CITOYENS RUSSES

Cercle Russe

Au Caire

3 Midan Kantaret El Dekka - Caire Egypt

Russ

German

Polish

Italian

English

s van der Hal Izen Keizersgracht 409 AMSTERDAM HOLLAND

TRUE COPY

Amsterdamsch Presbureau, Leidschestrat 23 Amsterdam Holland

The SOCIALIST 50 Renfre St Glasgow Scotland

Eadmonn Mac ALPINE 9 Charlmont Pl., Dublin Ireland.

Watchword Liberty Hall Dublin Ireland.

Boris Souvarine 96 Quai Jenappes Paris France

Politiken Stockholm Sweden

Roda Roster Torsgatan 10 G, Stockholm Sweden

Ernest Christiansen Eeglade 16 Kopenhagen Denmark *****

Mr. Einar Ahlin Bondegatan 15 B III Stockholm Sweden

Arbejted 8 Montegade Kopenhagan Denmark

Mrs. G Klees V I Kade 26 Haarlem Holland *****

K P D Ortsgr Rosen Str 4Ob, I Hamburg Germany *****

A Aurora, RUA DO SOL, 131, Apartado 17, Oporto Portugal

Arbeiderpartis Forlog, Folkets Hus Kristiana, Kristiana Norway

La Revu du Travail, H Bulliere, 45 Rue Jacob, Paris FRANCE

Independent Labor Party, 9 Johnson's Ct., Fleet St, London EC 4 Eng

Peoples Russian Information Bureau, 152 Fleet St. London EC 4 England

Scottish Workers' Committee, 31 No FREDERICK ST, Glasgow, Scotland

Workers' Socialist Federation, 400 Old Ford Rd, London E 2, England

Socialist Information and Research Bureau, 196 St Vincent St.,
Glasgow Scotland

Foken Tertha Lindberg, Lilla Glasbruksgarten 401, Stockholm Sweden
(or Lilla Glasbruksgarten 4-1?)

John Andraa, Vardo, Norway.

Max Frolich, Warthe Str, 71, Neu Koln, 2, Berlin Germany

Bruno Schaffer, Warthe Str 69, Neu Koln 2, Berlin Germany

F Wolf, Bei Ubalius, Sievetkings 29, Hamburg GERMANY

TRUE COPY

Fritz Wolfheim, Admiralitat Str 19, Hamburg Germany

"Swit" Lorchengasse, 13, Austria, VIII, Austria

Arbejted, 8 Montergade, Copenhagen Denmark *****

Thos BELL, 4 Duke St, Adelphia, London W C, England

Frams Forlag, Torggatan 10, Stockholm Sweden

Die Fahne, Bandgasse 28, Wien VII, Austria

Buch Verlag, Wilhelmstrasse 28, Berlin S W 48- 4 trp, Germany

Redaktion, Wilhelmstrasse 28-IV, Berlin S W Germany

Zeitschrift, ALSERSTRASSE, 69, Wien VIII, Austria

Mr. Trameal, Folkets Hus, Christians Norway

National Council 33 Eccleston SQUARE, London S W England

Vilho Vuokko, tersgatan 10 m Stockholm Sweden

Oytolina Sejum Polskisko, Warsjana Poland (one Eng and one Polish)

Dziennik Ludowy, 959 Milvoki Chi.

Editor Jack Tanner, 10 Tudor St, London E C 4, England

Marcello Salinas, BERNAZA 30, Habana, CUBA.

Correspondence Ge-
Berlin C 25, Munzstr 24 Germany

Novi SVIJET Zagreb Jugoslavia

"Radnicke Novine" Belgrad Jugoslavia

"Glos Slobode" Sarajevo "

"Radnicka Straza" VUKOVOR "

"Rdeci Prapor" Ljubljona "

"Radnicki List" Novi SAD "

Geo Selakovich, Jlico 48, Zagreb, Jugoslavia

TRUE COPY

(Two additional sheets as follows: Page 1)

ENGLAND

Daily Herald Business office Gough Square, Fleet Street, London EC 4

W R STOKER, Borough Market, Halifax Yorkshire, England.

Workers' Dreadnaught, 400 Old Ford Road, London E, 3 England

The Call 21A Maiden Lane, London, ENGLAND

SPAIN

EL COMUNISTA, Augustin, 1,2, ° Izquierda, Zaragoza. *****

Germany.

Freiheit, Schiffbauerdamm 19 Berlin N. W. 6.

Hamburger Volkszeitung, Fricenstr. 2 Hamburg 23

Leipziger Volkszeitung, Tauchauerstrasse 19/21 Leipzig. ****

Der Kampf, SCHELLINGSTR. 39 München

Sozialdemokrat. Ludwigstr. 26b Stuttgart.

Magazines.

Kämpferin, Tauchauerstr. 1/21 Leipzig.

Freie Jugend, Schifferbauerdamm 19. Berlin N. W. 6

Die Freie WELT, " " " "

Die Sozialistische Gemeinde " " "

Vorwärts, Lindenstr, 3 Berlin S. W. 68

Pressebureau U.S.P. Berlin N. W. 6, Schifferbauerdamm 19 Stocker)
Centralkomitee U.S.P)

Elena Torres, Apartado 1056, Mexico City, Mexico

AMADEO BORDIGA, 4 Via Casciari, Alla Loggia, Napoli, Italy *****

Beitler Vorwärts, Voksheuse, Zurich, Switzerland *****

TRUE COPY

Angel Pestanes, CALLE SAN JERONIMO 11-1-2--3a, Barcelona, Spain *****

Deirotte, Fahne, Warthenrasse 69, Berlin, Germany

Chas Neuman, Riembrandt 34, Vienna Austria

Monika Reykjavik, Vestergate 29, Iceland

H Siemsen, Ottosson Studio, Iceland

M R Serratti, R ir Avanti, Rome Italy *****

Marie Nelson, N Tassarvey, Copenhagen Denmark *****

GOSTA VERNER, Asogatan 54, n.b. Stockholm Sweden

Czytelina Sejmu Polskiego, Warszawa, Poland

Fednos C Chlopska, Box #22r Warsaw, Poland

Juan Andrade, CARREDESA ALTA 17, Madrid, Spain (Espague)

El Constructor Naval, Necochea 1328 Buenos Aires, Argentina

S P of Canada, Winipeg Local, Alex Shepherd, P O Box 1762, Winipeg,
Manitoba

Ton Tom Co, near Unka Post Office, Higashi - Shirlike, Hyogo, Kobe,
Japan. *****

Jose Allen Calle de Lux, Tacubaya Mexico

Marcell Salinas, Bernanza 30, Habana, Cuba

Antonio Landrian, S Antonio 13, Arroyo Naraiyo Cuba

M D Ramirez, Apartado 1051, Mexico CITY D F, Mexico

Vida Nueva, Calle de la Luz No 5 bis, Tacubaya D F Apartado No 5031
Mexico D F, Mexico

John Houston, O B Hall, Adelaide Str, Winipeg Manitoba

Antonio Teiteira, Rua do sol 131 Porto, Apartado 17 Mexico

Juventud Mundial, AVE San Angel, 96, Mitcoca, D F Mexico

El Trabajo, California 1173 -77 BUENOS AIRES ARGENTINA

El Inquilino, Cangallo, 2306, Buenos Aires Argentina

Mr Karl Malmsten, Torsgatan 100, Stockholm Sweden papers

Allan WALLENIS, Heleneborgsgattan 25 b Stockholm Sweden Documents

M F Hebbes 10 Tudor Str London E C 4 England

Labour Leader 30 Blackfriars St, Manchester England

Daily Herald 2 Carmelite St London Ec 4 England

Carl Hoym 19 Admiralitat Str, Hamburg GERMANY

H C Glass 15 Belleile str, Glasgow SCOTLAND

La Feuille, 9, Rue Necker, Geneva, Switzerland

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: August 28, 1947

FROM : SAC, New York *W. J. [unclear]*SUBJECT: DOCUMENTS FOUND AT 170 BLEEKER STREET,
NEW YORK CITY *W. J.*
April 29, 1921
INTERNAL SECURITY - CALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmg
#90-1267 (per release
190-15457-2889)

Rebulet August 12, 1947, in the above captioned matter, in which the New York Office was requested to discreetly attempt to obtain a copy of the transcript of the testimony in the case tried in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on June 16, 1921, for the purpose of determining what witness identified Exhibit #5, the nature of that identification, and his testimony relative thereto.

At the Clerk's Office of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, United States Court House, Foley Square, New York City, Special Agent R. S. Garner examined file #C-28/323 In The Matter of the Application for a Search Warrant Effecting the Manhattan Post Office at 34th Street and 8th Avenue in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

From an examination of the stenographer's minutes of a hearing before Judge Julian W. Mack. On June 16, 1921, it appears that EDWARD LINDGREN and ABRAM JAKIRA, both officials of the Workers Party of America, were surveilled on April 29, 1921 in and about Manhattan and Brooklyn by Special Agents Dan E. Taton, Albert L. Weitsman, Edward Anderson, Loren and Lesser of the Radical Division of the New York Office of the Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, in cooperation with Detectives Jerome Murphy and Joseph D. Keiley of the Bomb Squad of the New York City Police Department.

LINDGREN, during the course of this surveillance, was observed mailing certain letters which later were seized under a search warrant, the legality of which was subsequently contested, and was also seen delivering a bundle of papers to JAKIRA.

Detective Murphy testified at the hearing that he and Special Agent ANDERSON in the late afternoon of April 29, 1921, saw LINDGREN hand a package to JAKIRA in Manhattan, and that JAKIRA was later surveilled to his room at 170 Bleeker Street in lower Manhattan. Detective Murphy stated that he and Special Agent Anderson, accompanied by half a dozen detectives, rang the doorbell of JAKIRA's rooming house, properly identified themselves, and asked JAKIRA to show them the bundle which LINDGREN had given him earlier in the day. JAKIRA did so, whereupon Detective Murphy requested him to open it, to which JAKIRA acceded. Detective Murphy then asked JAKIRA what the bundle contained. JAKIRA informed him that it contained written documents

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detached

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W. J. [unclear]

OT Rygve Lie

Letter to Director
NY 100-0

August 28, 1947

of the Communist Party. According to Detective Murphy, JAKIRA admitted he was a Communist.

With regard to Exhibit #5, Assistant United States Attorney Henry E. Kelly asked Detective Murphy whether he had found this particular paper among the documents JAKIRA had in the bundle. The answer was in the affirmative. Attorney Kelly thereupon introduced this paper as Government Exhibit #5. Nothing was reported in the minutes as to the nature or contents of this particular exhibit.

Detective Murphy further testified that he had taken the seized bundle to police headquarters, and that later the entire contents of this bundle were turned over to the Department of Justice. During the course of this testimony, Detective Murphy admitted that neither he nor Special Agent ANDERSON nor any member of his party had a search warrant.

OSMOND ~~K~~ FRAENKEL, one of LINDGREN's attorneys, later petitioned the court for the return of this bundle of papers which he alleged had been taken unlawfully from JAKIRA's room, contending that JAKIRA was not a defendant in the case.

On August 15, 1921, Judge John C. Knox signed an order returning to LINDGREN all papers contained in the aforementioned bundle. On March 16, 1922, however, following reargument, Judge Knox, by memorandum, vacated this order.

The New York Office is unable to ascertain whether these papers were returned to LINDGREN, but presumes that they were, although copies seemed to have been made for the Department of Justice files.

The Detective Jerome Murphy mentioned hereinbefore is now Lieutenant Murphy in charge of the Bureau of Lost Property, New York City Police Department, 240 Centre Street, New York City. On interview, Lieutenant Murphy stated that while he recalled all the circumstances pertaining to the seized bundle of papers from JAKIRA, he had absolutely no recollection of Exhibit #5 and could not hazard a guess as to the purpose or nature of the list of names of persons and publications contained therein.

~~Confidential~~ Informant was likewise unable to venture an opinion as to the nature or purpose of the document referred to.

b2
b7D

Letter to Director
NY 100-0

August 28, 1947

BENJAMIN ~~GITLOW~~ on interview by Special Agent Charles M. Noone examined the list in detail and stated that it was not familiar to him and he could only venture a guess as to its purpose and nature. He stated that the majority of the names listed were those of editors and publishers as well as prominent Communists, Socialists and Laborites in European countries in the period immediately following World War I. It was further stated that not all the names listed were those of Communists or Communist sympathizers, there being several names he recognized as those of persons and publications who were known to him to be anti- Communist.

GITLOW recalled that the Communist movement was then in the first stages of its formation in the United States, and that it was his opinion that this particular list had no other significance than that of a mailing list for the American Communist movement for the purpose of exchanging Communist and Socialist literature by the United States and Europe. GITLOW was of the general opinion that this list had been compiled by American Communists in order to develop sources and contacts among Communists, Socialists and Laborites abroad, and that the list could, therefore, be labelled, in a sense, a mailing list. GITLOW discounted the notion that there was anything secretive or sinister about the list.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: September 25, 1947

FROM : H. B. FLETCHER

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson ✓
 Mr. E. A. Tamm ✓
 Mr. Clegg ✓
 Mr. Glavin ✓
 Mr. Ladd ✓
 Mr. Nichols ✓
 Mr. Rosen ✓
 Mr. Tracy ✓
 Mr. Carson
 Mr. Egan
 Mr. Gurnea
 Mr. Harbo
 Mr. Hendon
 Mr. Pennington
 Mr. Quinn Tamm
 Tele. Room
 Mr. Nease
 Miss Holmes
 Miss Gandy

29416

At 3:50 p.m. today Mr. Belmont of the New York Office called and stated that George Starr advised the New York Office that the next issue of "Plain Talk" will have an item on Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations Organization, exposing him as a former member of the Communist Third International.

HBF:MJJ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmj

#90-1267 (per release

(190-15457 EBF9)

RECORDED

INDEXED

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1-81

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. W. M. Ladd

DATE: September 27, 1947

FROM : Mr. J. P. Coyne

SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
Information Concerning

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	✓
Mr. Nichols	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Beahm	
Miss Gandy	

You may recall from my memorandum of July 15, 1947, and the letter to New York dated July 18, 1947, that we had discovered that the name of Trygve Lie appeared on a rather lengthy list of foreign names and addresses which had been seized on April 29, 1921, by the New York Police at the time of the arrest of Israel Anter, Abram Jakira and Edward Lindgren, who were prominent Communist leaders.

The New York Office was not able to identify the nature of this list, but Benjamin Gitlow advised that the list consisted of the names of editors and publishers as well as prominent Communists, Socialists and Laborites in European countries shortly after the First World War. Gitlow also said he recognized several of the names as being persons known to him as anti-Communist.

Of interest in this connection is the information telephonically submitted on September 25, 1947, by ASAC Belmont to Mr. Fletcher advising that the next issue of "Plain Talk" magazine would contain an article attacking Lie as formerly being connected with the Communist International. The nature or source of their information is unknown and there is nothing to indicate that it is related to the recent inquiries made by the New York Office on this matter.

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The New York Office had been instructed to remove the page on which Mr. Lie's name appeared from the nine page document before displaying that list to Gitlow or Informant [] who is [] and who was unable to offer any information or suggestions concerning the nature of this list.

Although inquiries were also made of Lieutenant Jerome Murphy, of the New York City Police Department, who had participated in the aforementioned raid in 1921, and the records of the Clerk's Office of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York were examined in an attempt to identify the nature of this list, there is nothing in the New York letter to indicate that the name of Mr. Lie was mentioned in any of these inquiries.

ACTION: None. The State Department is not being advised that Mr. Lie appeared on the foregoing list, for the reason that the list was not identified as being a list of Communists or Communist sympathizers.

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DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
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(90-15457-EBF)

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The Real Trygve Lie

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X

STALIN'S TOOL IN THE U.N.?

By SHEPPARD MARLEY

THE SOVIET UNION used the veto power for the twenty-first—and not the twentieth time as is generally believed—on September 15th last, the day before the U. N. General Assembly opened its current session.

Russia's first veto was exercised informally on January 29, 1946, to insure the election of Trygve Lie as Secretary-General of the U. N. Andrei Gromyko wielded the veto club off the record when the eleven-nations Security Council met at Church House in London.

It all began when Stalin's representatives proposed the election by acclaim of Trygve Lie as President of the General Assembly, even though the rules called for a secret ballot. When Lie was defeated by the Belgian Paul-Henri Spaak, Mr. Gromyko resorted for the first time to his now-familiar weapon. The occasion presented itself when the Soviet delegation was informed that Lester B. Pearson, Canadian Ambassador to Washington, had the support of eight out of the eleven members of the Security Council for the post of Secretary-General. Although this selection was strictly a procedural matter, and as such exempted from the veto, the Western architects of the United Nations beat a hasty retreat in the face of Gromyko's threat to veto Mr. Pearson.

"The Russians got the candidate they wanted without even mentioning his name at the meeting," reported James Reston of *The New York Times*, in his description of the behind-the-scenes maneuvers: "The first veto in the UNO was cast without ever really being cast." To date, none of the leading actors in this silent rape of the United Nations

Charter has confided the full story to the general public.

When the Russians went to this extreme so early in the career of the U. N. they were not acting blindly. Trygve Lie had proved himself a reliable friend of the Stalin regime for nearly a quarter of a century, and fully merited this display of confidence, for which he, in turn, has shown genuine gratitude by definite services to the U.S.S.R.

Trygve Lie first visited the Soviet Union in 1921 as a rising young official in the Norwegian Labor Party. This group was one of the first to affiliate with Lenin's new Third International in 1919, but it broke with the Kremlin in 1923. Lie, however, managed to remain in the good graces of those who ruled Russia and international communism.

Lie's most recent visit to Moscow in July, 1946, was made under vastly different circumstances. He was now Secretary-General of the United Nations, and Stalin was supreme in Russia. On this visit he spent four days conferring with Stalin, Molotov and Vishinsky. Upon his arrival in Copenhagen in a Russian plane, he is reported to have announced that the Soviet leaders had expressed "the greatest optimism" about the U. N., and had shown real interest in international cooperation (after all, there were only five Russian vetoes at that time). Lie was impressed, too, by Stalin's wide knowledge of international affairs.

In the 1920s Lie maintained his connections with the rulers of Russia through his position in the Norwegian Labor Party and his membership in an ultra-radical wing within the Interna-

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PLAIN TALK

October 1947

File

C. J. Gump

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tional Federation of Trade Unions at Amsterdam. The leader of this wing, Edo Fimmen of Holland, for years flirted with the Soviet trade unions.

DURING THE 1930s, after the announcement of the world-wide united front, Norwegian Communists were able to penetrate more deeply into the Labor Party. It was in this period that Trygve Lie performed his greatest service for Stalin: he was instrumental in deporting Stalin's arch-enemy, Leon Trotsky, from Norway in 1936. The question has been posed whether Lie at that time had direct contact with the Russian secret police.

Trotsky entered Norway in June, 1935. He was undisturbed until the fall of 1936, after the famous Moscow trials of Zinoviev and other high Communists had implicated him in a plot to overthrow the Soviet Government.

At this time Trygve Lie was Norway's Minister of Justice. On August 13, the day before it was announced that the trials of the Russian revolutionary leaders would be held, Lie sent the chief of police in charge of criminal cases to Trotsky's residence to conduct an investigation. Soon Norwegian newspapers began a campaign against Trotsky, accusing him of plotting with the Nazis and of various crimes against the friendly Russian government.

Trotsky, one of the founders of the Communist International, reported in 1937 that Lie, "the Minister of Justice, who not so long ago had been a member of the Communist International, did not have the least sympathy for the liberalism of the chief of criminal police."

Later Trotsky received two more visitors from Lie—the chief of the Norwegian police and the head of the passport bureau. He was told to stop writing on current events and to submit his mail

for censorship. Since there was no legal way to enforce such restrictions even against a foreigner, Lie next tried to get Trotsky to sign a statement voluntarily offering to submit to censorship. In rejecting this ingenious proposal, Trotsky pointed out that Minister of Justice Lie was aiding the prosecutor of the Moscow trials by trying to prevent one of the accused from replying to the serious charges.

Not long after this incident, Trotsky's room was broken into. The police took him to Oslo, supposedly in order that he might testify against the interlopers. He was brought before Lie, who demanded that Trotsky voluntarily accept police control of his mail and visitors.

"If you want to arrest me, why do you need my consent?" Trotsky has written that he asked Lie.

"There is an intermediate status between arrest and full freedom," the Minister answered.

Trotsky replied: "That may be a trap. I prefer an outright arrest."

Lie complied. Three days later he legalized his illegal act by arranging a retroactive decree giving the Minister of Justice the power to intern undesirable aliens. Then he expelled from Norway Trotsky's two secretaries, one a citizen of France and the other of Czechoslovakia.

Trotsky has reported that Lie visited him several times in his internment to check on security measures, but refused him permission to get in touch with his friends to arrange his departure from the country. During the last of these visits Trotsky told Lie that even in Czarist Russia prisoners were granted the right to arrange their personal affairs through friends.

"Yes, yes," Lie is said to have replied, "but times have changed."

While Trotsky was detained, it was

learned that Lie had suppressed a letter written him by Trotsky on August 26. Copies of the letter were forcibly taken from Trotsky's secretaries, but one had already been sent out of the country and was finally published in *The Nation* of October 10, 1936. In the letter Trotsky appealed for an open trial:

"To refrain from bringing me to trial before a Norwegian court and at the same time to rob me of the possibility of appeal to public opinion on a question that concerns myself, my son, my whole political past, and my political honor, would mean to transform the right of asylum into a trap and to allow free passage to the executioners and slanderers of the GPU."

The Norwegian Minister of Justice did not heed this plea. Instead he arranged the details of Trotsky's secret journey to Mexico, where the Russian revolutionist was murdered by an assassin of Stalin's GPU.

A DECADE after the Trotsky affair both Trygve Lie and the U.S.S.R. had advanced in their respective spheres. By April of 1945, Lie was Norway's Foreign Minister, and the Soviet Union was in eastern Europe. In *The New York Times* of January 11, 1947, correspondent C. L. Sulzberger stated:

"According to responsible diplomatic sources, the Norwegian Government proposed to the Soviet Union on April 9, 1945, the joint defense of Spitzbergen . . . The offer is said to have been made while Trygve Lie was Foreign Minister of Norway."

This move under Lie's stewardship a month before the end of the war in Europe is significant for a number of reasons, since it involved the fortification of the Svalbard Archipelago, including Bear Island, north of Norway. It would have given Russia an Arctic

base closer than its own Arctic possessions to Canada and the United States. It would also have meant, probably, the inclusion of Norway in the Soviet sphere, resulting in even greater pressure on Sweden, which would have been placed precariously between two areas influenced by the U.S.S.R.—since Finland is on its east.

Aside from the danger of this plan, it would have been a violation of the Svalbard Treaty of 1920 unless agreed to by the United States, Britain and France, which were joint signatories to the pact giving Norway control of the archipelago. When asked for a statement on the Sulzberger report, Lie declined to comment on any aspect of the Spitzbergen incident.

Because of little services like these, the Kremlin knew Trygve Lie to be a real friend. The Soviet Union's insistence upon Lie for the Secretary-Generalship of the United Nations has been amply rewarded by his conduct of that high office.

As Secretary-General, Trygve Lie has the power to select all employees of the U. N., to control its finances and to execute its decisions. U. N. employees are hired on the basis of a personal interview, not a written examination. "We don't ask a person what his politics are and we don't care," said Basil Capella, U. N. personnel director, according to the Communist *Daily Worker* of March 28, 1946. The *Daily Worker* added: "Unlike the U. S. civil service, the United Nations isn't interested in a person's political belief or in labor or political activities usually called 'red' by U. S. witch-hunting Congressional committees."

In accordance with his powers, Lie selected his own staff of Assistant Secretaries-General, the eight officers who head the entire secretariat of 2,600 per-

sons. Of the eight, three are of known Russian sympathies.

To the most important post on his staff, Assistant Secretary-General for Security Council Affairs, Lie invited the Russian Arkady A. Sobolev. In this pivotal position Sobolev acts as liaison officer for the Council. To him come the world's territorial, military and juridical disputes for documentation. Thus after having served Stalin faithfully in Moscow and in the Soviet Embassy in London, Sobolev is now able to perform wider functions for his masters. He had much to do with the hiring of U. N. personnel.

Lie's Assistant Secretary-General for Social Affairs is the Frenchman Henri Laugier, a Socialist with strong Communist leanings. In 1944 he was the vice-president of *Rapprochement Franco-Soviétique*, an organization similar to our own National Council of American-Soviet Friendship. Lie's Assistant Secretary-General for Legal Affairs is Dr. Ivan Kerno, of Czechoslovakia, a Soviet satellite as the world learned when that country, on Stalin's instructions, had to retract its acceptance of the invitation to join free Europe in the conference growing out of the Marshall Plan. Kerno has already addressed the pro-Communist National Lawyers Guild.

In addition to these three Assistant Secretaries-General, Lie appointed pro-Soviet Abraham Feller as General Counsel and Director of the Legal Department of the United Nations Secretariat. Feller's Russian sympathies are well known to his associates. He has been a member of the Committee on International Law of the National Lawyers Guild, which was repudiated as Communist-controlled by such liberal attorneys as Frank P. Walsh, Morris Ernst, Ferdinand Pecora and Robert Jackson. Feller was also a member of the Wash-

ington Committee for Democratic Action, which defended civil service employees charged with subversive activities, and which was itself cited as subversive by Attorney General Francis Biddle.

In appointing his assistants Trygve Lie made one error which he later corrected. John B. Hutson, Assistant Secretary-General of Administrative and Financial Services, had the bad taste in May of 1946 to make a speech welcoming General T. Komorowski (General Bor) at a reception in his honor. Outlawed by the Soviet-oriented regime in Poland, General Bor had led the heroic Polish underground army which, in its Warsaw revolt against the Nazis, was first encouraged to fight and was then abandoned by the Russians. The Polish and Russian U.N. delegates immediately protested Hutson's conduct to Trygve Lie. Less than a month later the Secretary-General "reorganized" his staff, and Hutson resigned.

These were only the preliminary moves of the genial Norwegian who calls himself the "servant of the world." Such a servant finds himself in a difficult position as both the East and West beckon him from opposite sides of the ideological map. Yet impartiality is made even more important by this deep cleavage. A review of Lie's record in the U. N. shows that on the U. N. menu the items approved by Moscow have been served up promptly from the Secretary-General's kitchen, while the dishes favored by other customers have been given less generous treatment.

THE KEY to Trygve Lie's allegiance is not so much his positive acts, but rather his omissions, which have been more significant if less obvious.

Article 99 of the U. N. Charter states: "The Secretary-General may

bring to the attention of the Security Council any matter which in his opinion may threaten the maintenance of international peace and security." In exercising this privilege, Lie has clearly revealed his loyalties, for he has been quick to put the U. N. machinery into motion in the direction indicated by the U.S.S.R.

Lie's first service to Stalin occurred only three months after he took office. In April of 1946 the Security Council was considering the Iranian issue, since Russia had failed to comply with the treaty requiring withdrawal of the Red Army from Iran and with subsequent instructions from the Security Council. The Soviet delegate, Gromyko, demanded that the issue be removed from the agenda, but he was opposed by most of the other delegates. Secretary-General Lie then offered the Council an unsolicited statement in which he showed that the body could not properly keep the case on its agenda. A committee of experts to which his letter was referred, disagreed with the Secretary-General, however, although three of the eleven members (those representing the U.S.S.R., Poland and France) took the same position as Lie. The Council did not take the advice of its Secretary-General, with the result that today its handling of the Iranian issue stands out as one of its few successes.

One of the U.S.S.R.'s main policies in international affairs is to achieve a world diplomatic break of relations with the Franco government of Spain. However much Franco may deserve the condemnation of the United Nations, this particular method of dealing with him is the Soviet's pet idea, and Lie has frequently indicated his approval. In his 1947 report, he deplored the fact that the problem was not "satisfactorily resolved." He neglected to point out, however, that

the Soviet delegate had used the veto power three times in one day in order to prevent the Security Council from taking any action against Franco except the Soviet plan of a break in relations.

But Secretary-General Lie has not been so hesitant in slapping Uncle Sam around. Last March he told the Security Council that the U. N. will succeed only if all countries "resort to the U. N. even when the most vital national issues are at stake"—an obvious rebuke to the United States for its Truman Doctrine.

Although willing to scold the United States or Britain every now and then, Trygve Lie is much more circumspect in his remarks that might not go well with the Russians. He did nothing to urge Russian participation in the sessions of the U.N. Trusteeship Council. He took no action on his own initiative regarding the invasion of Greece by Soviet-controlled Albania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria. He said nothing about the faked elections in Poland, Rumania and Hungary, or about the deportation of Poles, Lithuanians and Estonians to Soviet slave labor camps. He did not use his power in the Security Council when Tito's soldiers shot down American planes over Yugoslavia. He has not called the attention of the Security Council to the civil war fomented in China by the Communists with the aid of the Soviet Union.

When the Secretary-General travels, he is the authorized representative of the United Nations as a whole. During his tour of Central America last January, his official welcome from the various governments included receptions by President Aleman of Mexico and dictator Trujillo of the Dominican Republic. Somewhat surprising, however, was the tribute paid to Lie in Panama by the local Communist group, the *Partido del Pueblo*, who held a rally in honor of

the Secretary-General and his visit to Panama. Well-known Communist figures spoke, including Rivera Reyes, Cristobal L. Segundo and Celso Solano. Solano closed the meeting by asserting the firm determination of the *Partido del Pueblo* to fight for the termination of racial discrimination in the Canal Zone which, he said, was sustained by "Yankee imperialism" despite Panamanian objections. He also spoke of the "flagrant violation" by the U. S. Army, in occupation of portions of Panamanian soil, of treaties concerning defense sites.

Ostensibly to speed his return to New York, Lie cancelled a visit to Puerto Rico, which had been next on his itinerary. This decision has been seen as a move to avoid a demonstration by the Puerto Rican *Independientistas*. Though not primarily Communist, this group agitates for the independence of Puerto Rico, a line followed by Communists all over the world. It is possible that Lie may have been warned following the tribute to him in Panama; and became wary of another demonstration which might have been construed as pro-Communist and anti-United States.

JUST AS the Trotsky incident stands out in Trygve Lie's pre-U. N. career of service to the Soviet Union, so his appointments to the secretariat of the Commission to investigate the current Balkan warfare stands out as the greatest service to Russia thus far in his career as a U. N. diplomat.

In December of 1946 the Security Council appointed a group of eleven men from eleven nations to probe the warfare in Greece, at the borders of Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria, all Soviet satellites. The secretariat, appointed to aid the Commission, had seventy-five members, in the selection of which Soviet citizen Arkady Sobolev had vir-

tually complete freedom—granted by Secretary-General Lie. Sobolev had the crudeness to select a Ukrainian as secretary, but when the matter was brought to Trygve Lie after British protests, he showed his greater finesse by appointing instead his special adviser and friend, the Norwegian Colonel Roscher Lund. The Colonel was less obviously pro-Russian, but appeared faithful nevertheless. According to Joseph Alsop, he "is believed by a good many competent observers to have intimate Soviet connections." Lund's deputy was Gustav Gottesman, a Pole about whose loyalties there could be no doubt. The press section was headed by Stanley Ryan, born in Russia, who showed his intense pro-Soviet sympathies.

The Balkan Investigating Commission did a good job under difficult conditions. For example, Yugoslavia and Albania refused to admit a subsidiary group sent there by the Commission in May. The secretariat acted in a similar way, obstructing the work of the Commission at various points.

According to F. A. Voigt, independent British editor, writing in *The New Leader*:

"The Secretariat was, in effect, a Communist cell, and did all in its power to vitiate the task of the Commission." Voigt reports that when the Commission held its first meeting, the EAM, Communist-controlled political group, demonstrated outside. "Colonel Lund," he adds, "stepped on the balcony and addressed the demonstration."

Voigt also states that the secretariat dealt with EAM "as though it were a sovereign state." The secretariat, deciding what petitions and delegations were to be received by the Commission, received them only from groups hostile to the government of Greece for the first two weeks of the investigation. The

real work of the Commission was delayed by the admission of propagandists who read long statements and the postponement of the testimony of other groups and persons whose views showed greater independence. Voigt estimates that these tactics delayed the Commission for about a month, giving the Soviet satellites on the Greek borders that much time to remove the evidence of their aggression.

One member of the secretariat, an interpreter, was so pro-Soviet that he actually deserted the Commission during its work and joined the Greek guerrillas who were being aided by the Russian-dominated countries on the North. Documents and important evidence disappeared from Commission members' files, while secret reports not released for publication were spread over the pages of Balkan Communist newspapers.

One authenticated incident reveals the kind of sabotage that was exercised against the Commission. Returning members, according to Phelps Adams in *The New York Sun*, told the story behind the Commission's rebuke to the Greek Government for having executed two political prisoners in spite of a request to delay carrying out of the sentence. The Commission had sent this request twenty-four hours earlier, but it did not reach the government in time to prevent the execution.

An investigation later showed that the very member of the secretariat who had

demanding the passage of the resolution denouncing the execution had deliberately caused it by delaying the transmission of the Commission's request until it was too late to be effective.

Under fire for the secretariat's activities, Trygve Lie sent a personal adviser to investigate the charges that it had not been impartial. In a press interview on April 22, the Secretary-General dismissed as "hallucinations" certain newspaper reports that U. N. employees tampered with documents, but he admitted that a suitcase full of papers had disappeared while the Commission was en route from Greece to Geneva.

As the *Washington Daily News* pointed out in an editorial, full responsibility for the conduct of the secretariat of the Balkan Investigating Commission rests on Trygve Lie:

"He could have selected the Commission's staff from nationalities in no way involved in the Balkan dispute. It is difficult to dismiss his failure to do this as a mere error of judgment. The head of the Commission's secretariat, a personal friend of Mr. Lie's, is the principal target of the present charges. The Secretary-General certainly should have known his views. Mr. Lie's own activities have not reflected the objectivity to be desired of a man in his position. . . ."

Despite Trygve Lie's record to date in the U.N., it should be borne in mind that he still has another three years to serve as Secretary-General.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. FLETCHER *WBF*
 FROM : MR. KEAY *W*
 SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
 Internal Security C
 Bureau file 100-351653

DATE: October 1, 1948

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Gurnea _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

Mr. Mario T. Noto of the Central Office of Immigration and Naturalization Service, 19th and East Capital Streets, Washington, D. C. telephonically contacted Supervisor John E. Foley to request a name check on the above individual. Mr. Noto stated that information had come to the attention of the Immigration and Naturalization Service reflecting that a Ruth Fisher knew him in Europe as a member of the Comintern. Moreover, Louis Budenz admitted to the Immigration and Naturalization Service that he had heard the same thing. Budenz did not know of this as a fact but merely as a hearsay report. According to Mr. Noto, the above information was not developed through any direct investigation into the matter but was developed incidentally to a separate and distinct investigation. Mr. Noto further advised that the above information was called to the attention of the Attorney General who in turn related that to conduct any investigation of Trygve Lie, approval of the investigation must be obtained from the Department of State. Believelly the necessary approval was obtained by the Attorney General whereupon Immigration and Naturalization Service was authorized to pursue their investigation of this individual. However, the Attorney General said Mr. Noto cautioned the Immigration and Naturalization Service to first consult the FBI for a name check on him. Mr. Noto stated that the Department of State had evidenced considerable interest in the above information since it was first called to the attention of that Department.

A check of the general indices of this Bureau has failed to disclose that any actual investigation has been conducted by the FBI pertinent to Trygve Lie. It has revealed, however, that there is a main file, namely 100-351653 and about four hundred references on this individual.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is suggested and recommended that this memorandum be routed to the Espionage Unit for information.

Mr. Noto will be advised by the Atomic Energy-Liaison unit of the results of the name check being made by it. In this regard therefore, there is no action to be taken by the Espionage unit.

JEF:mem

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 OTHERWISE.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. H. B. Fletcher *HB*

FROM : V. P. Keay *VP*

SUBJECT: Trygve Lie
Internal Security - C
Bureau file 100-351653

DATE: October 21, 1948

Mr. Tolson ☒
Mr. E. A. Tamm ☒
Mr. Clegg ☒
Mr. Glavin ☒
Mr. Ladd ☒
Mr. Nichols ☒
Mr. Rosen ☒
Mr. Tracy ☒
Mr. Egan ☒
Mr. Gurnea ☒
Mr. Harbo ☒
Mr. Mohr ☒
Mr. Pennington ☒
Mr. Quinn Tamm ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Mr. Nease ☒
Miss Gandy ☒

Reference is made to a memorandum dated October 1, 1948 to Mr. H. B. Fletcher from Mr. V. P. Keay advising that the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D. C., had requested a name check of the above individual, more or less at the suggestion of the Attorney General, which was predicated upon information that Trygve Lie had been a member of the Comintern in Europe.

In response to this request there is attached hereto a standardized form number G-59, utilized in the work of checking names for the Immigration and Naturalization Service, bearing a reply to the request which, if approved, will be transmitted to the Central Office of Immigration and Naturalization Service at 19th and East Capitol Streets, Northeast, Washington, D. C.

In addition to the standardized form number G-59 there is also attached a memorandum on the above individual setting forth information obtained in the course of complying with the request of the Immigration and Naturalization Service from a review of the records of the Bureau.

ACTION AND RECOMMENDATION: It is suggested and recommended that the attached standardized form number G-59 be approved for transmittal to the Immigration and Naturalization Service and that it be returned to the Atomic Energy - Liaison unit for delivery to that Service. It is further suggested and recommended that the attached memorandum be routed to the Espionage unit for information purposes only.

ok per DML

Attachment
JEF:mem

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DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dm
(90-1267 per Release)
190-15457 EBF9

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NOV 4 1948

59 NOV 16 1948

October 22, 1948

MEMORANDUM

Re: Trygve Lie
Secretary General of the United Nations

A review of the records of this Bureau has failed to disclose that any actual investigation has been conducted or is being conducted on Trygve Lie the Secretary General of the United Nations Organization who was born on July 16, 1896 in Oslo, Norway, except as follows:

Under date of August 8, 1921 the New York office of this Bureau transmitted copies of papers found at 170 Bleeker Street, in New York City, at the time of the arrest by the local police of Israel Aster and Abram Jakira. These individuals were prominent Communist leaders and were arrested at the above address on April 29, 1921, by the local police. At the time of their arrest large quantities of Communist papers and official documents were seized. Jakira was believed to have been the Executive Secretary of what was then known as the United Communist Party of America.

Among the copies of documents enclosed in the letter of August 8, 1921 was a typewritten list consisting of names of persons and publishing houses followed by an address in a foreign country. The fifth line from the bottom of page two of that list reads as follows: "Stud. Jur. Trygve Lie, Grorud Pr. Kristiana, Norway."

The New York office of this Bureau was under date of July 18, 1947 requested to definitely establish the exact nature of this list from an examination of their file. A complete search, however, of the files of the New York office failed to locate the particular document referred to. Believable all of the documents were destroyed either in accordance with a rule of destroying material which is twenty-five years old or in connection with a review of exhibits handled at periodic intervals in the past. Efforts on the part of the New York field office to ascertain the purpose or the nature of the list of names of persons and publications referred to above were unavailing and only elicited a guess as to its purpose and nature. The majority of the names listed were those of editors and publishers as well as prominent Communists, Socialists and Laborites in European countries in the period immediately following World War I. Not all the names listed were those of Communists or Communist sympathizers inasmuch as there were several names recognized as those of persons and publications who were known to be anti-Communist. Actually this particular list had no other significance than that

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
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Mr. Egan
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Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
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Mr. Quinn Tamm
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#90-1267 (per release

190-15457-EEF)

ENCLOSURE

of a mailing list for the American Communist Movement for the purpose of exchanging Communist and Socialist literature between the United States and Europe. The notion that there was anything secretive or sinister about the list was discounted. In short there was no specific information relating to this list to establish the point that prior to August 8, 1921, Trygve Lie may have been connected in Norway with Communist elements or with a Communist publishing house.

Reportedly the SS Empress of Scotland, a Canadian owned vessel, sailed from Greenock, Scotland on February 18, 1943 and arrived at the Port of New York on February 27, 1943 with a number of passengers aboard among whom was Trygve Halvdan Lie described as the Norwegian Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Royal Norwegian Government in London, England. Upon interview he exhibited a Norwegian diplomatic passport number 4 issued on February 8, 1943 by the Royal Norwegian Minister for Foreign Affairs in London, England, which contained a diplomatic visa number 237 dated February 13, 1943 at the United States Embassy in London. His party consisted of Norman Conrad Minotti Bohn, President of the Norwegian Chamber of Commerce; Nils Anton Jorgensen, Secretary to Mr. Lie; and Knud Soame, the Norwegian representative of the Leith-Ross Transportation Committee. 100-351653; 100-188809-8 p.2

Examination of the main Bureau case file on Trygve Lie has disclosed that apart from the initial information set forth above which was furnished by the New York office of this Bureau under date of August 8, 1921, the principal information in that file consists of an article on "The Real Trygve Lie" entitled Stalin's Fool in the U. N. by Sheppard Marley which appeared in the magazine "Plain Talk" for October of 1947. This article by Sheppard Marley is an indictment of Trygve Lie and embraces his activities from the time he first visited the Soviet Union in 1921 as a rising young official in our Norwegian Labor Party to his election as Secretary General of the United Nations and thereafter. In brief the article attempts to show that "Trygve Lie had proved himself a reliable friend of the Stalin regime for nearly a quarter of a century and fully merited this display of confidence, for which he, in turn, has shown genuine gratitude by definite services to the U.S.S.R." In support of this Mr. Marley cited the fact that Russia's first vote was exercised informally on January 29, 1946 to insure the election of Trygve Lie as Secretary General of the United Nations; that Trygve Lie first visited the Soviet Union in 1921 as a rising young official of the Norwegian Labor Party and managed from then on to stay in the good graces of those who ruled Russia and international Communism; that Trygve Lie's latest visit to Moscow where he spent four days in July of 1946 was under different circumstances inasmuch as he was Secretary General of the United Nations; that in the 1920's Trygve Lie maintained his connections with the rulers of Russia through his position in the Norwegian Labor Party and his membership in an ultra-radical wing within the International Federation of Trade Unions at Amsterdam; that in the 1930's Trygve Lie performed his greatest service for Stalin; as Minister of Justice he was instrumental in deporting Stalin's archenemy, Leon Trotsky, from Norway in 1936; that the Norwegian Government through Trygve Lie Foreign Minister of Norway, proposed to the Soviet Union on April 9, 1945 the

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Joint Defense of Spitsbergen, a move significant for several reasons; that as Secretary General Trygve Lie has the power to select all employees of the United Nations, to control its finances, and to execute its decisions; that Trygve Lie's appointments to the secretariat, particularly his selection of Soviet citizen Arkady Sobolev, of the commission to investigate the Balkan warfare stands out as the greatest service to Russia thus far in his career as a U. N. diplomat. The article by Sheppard Marley, it should be pointed out, represents the really pertinent information in the Bureau's files on Trygve Lie and makes for interesting reading but the nature or source of information is unknown and just how authoritative the article is cannot be determined. (100-351653)

A further review of the records of this Bureau has disclosed considerable heterogeneous information relating to Trygve Lie from the Department of the Army, the Department of State, public sources including what might be termed favorable press releases in the Daily Worker, and confidential informants which appears to be of little real evidentiary value as to his membership in the Communist Party or as a believer in Communism, but the information is of sufficient value to suggest that the not too remote possibility that he is a tool of Russia and a man that the Soviets can rely upon in a crisis.

Blind Memorandum
J. E. Foley:mem

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

File No. _____

Date 10-20-48

(Address of requesting office)

DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington 25, D. C.

Attention: Security Division

Please furnish a report as to the nature of any derogatory information contained in any file—other than fingerprint records—which your Bureau may have concerning the following person:

Name LIE, TRYGVE
(Surname) (Given name) (Middle and other names)

Aliases _____

FBI No. _____ Alien Registration No. _____
or Visa Application No. _____

Date of birth July 16, 1896 Birthplace Oslo, Norway
(Month) (Day) (Year) (Town) (Country)

Marital status _____ Name of spouse _____

Race _____ Color _____ Sex _____ Occupation Secretary General of the
United Nations.

Complexion _____ Eyes _____ Hair _____ Height _____ Weight _____

Visible marks _____

Places of residence last 5 years (include street and number):

Places of employment last 5 years:

The subject is ☐ Under deportation proceedings.
☐ An applicant for naturalization.
☐ An applicant for a certificate of lawful entry.
☐ _____

FBI
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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/20/95 BY SP9 AG/bny
#90-1267 (per release
140-15457 EBF9)

If the subject has a common name, the names of all relatives given in the subject's application filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service will be shown on the back of this form, with the relationship indicated.

Please mail the attached copy of this request with your reply to the address shown below.

(Name of officer requesting report)

(Title)

(In duplicate)

(For use by Federal Bureau of Investigation)

Mail to—
District Director, Central Office
IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE.

Attention: Mario T. Noto

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

ENCLOSURE

100-351653-7

10/26/48 C to Noto of JMS

October 20, 1948

A review of the records of this Bureau has disclosed that the local office of Immigration and Naturalization Service in New York City has already been furnished with a copy of the report of Special Agent Richard M. Bielski dated 4-14-43 at New York, New York in the case entitled "Passenger S.S. Empress of Scotland (Canadian) Arrived New York City 2-21-43; Internal Security." Your attention is directed to that report inasmuch as it contains information developed by interview relating to the subject of your present inquiry. In particular you are referred to page two of the report of Special Agent Richard M. Bielski.

A further review of the records of this Bureau has failed to disclose that apart from the above no investigation has been conducted by the FBI pertinent to the subject of your present inquiry.

JFF:men

THE RIVER CLUB

52ND STREET AND EAST RIVER

NEW YORK 22, N. Y.

ms
March 6, 1949

To the Honorable J. E. Hoover
Justice Department Washington D. C.

Dear Sir.

About 2 years ago I was calling you at-
tention, that I do not like the looks of the
Secretary general of the U. N. Trygve Lie
I still believe strongly that, that per-
son bien sympathizing with Russians he
can harm plenty this country, deriving
profit, thru his high position.

Respectfully yours, John¹³⁷ Rovas

RECORDED - 137
INDEXED - 137
The River Club.

100-351653
F B I

32 MAR 8 1949

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/20/95 BY SP4 AG/dry

#90-1267

ms
mdr
3-14
let ask
3-22-49
from

RECORDED - 72

100-351653-8

March 22, 1949

EX 29

Mr. John Rovas
The River Club
52nd Street and East River
New York 22, New York

Dear Mr. Rovas:

I wish to acknowledge your letter of March 6, 1949,
the contents of which have been carefully noted.

Should you, at any time in the future, have infor-
mation which would be of interest to this Bureau, you may de-
sire to communicate with Mr. E. Scheidt, Special Agent in
Charge of our New York Office at 607 United States Court House,
Foley Square, New York 7, New York.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267
per release 190-15457-9

*file reviewed
10-23-53*

*HOF
8*

cc-New York, with copies of incoming

The Bureau files reveal that the correspondent has communicated
with the Bureau on numerous occasions, also the Department of Justice and
the President. Most of the above letters were answered and interesting
Bureau material enclosed with the reply. This is being forwarded to New

York for inclusion in the New York Office files.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED 12 25-0-2296
MAR 22 1949 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FRW:MAG:TD

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

APR 1 1949

SERVICE UNIT

F-19a

SEARCH SLIP

Supervisor Werner Room 4742Subj: John ROVAS☒ Exact Spelling☒ All References☐ Subversive Ref☐ Main File☐ Restricted to Locality of _____

Searchers

Initial FRDate 3/14FILE NUMBERSERIALSALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 2/20/95 BY SPANCORINGJohn Rovas
100-134411105-0-2452100-0-1086698-37473-162-26225-16-364100-134411-4John D.65-0-2297-230462-58216-1142

Initialed

SERVICE UNIT

F-19a

SEARCH SLIP

Supervisor Warner Room 4742

Subj: The River Club

- ☐ Exact Spelling
- ☒ All References
- ☐ Subversive Ref
- ☐ Main File
- ☐ Restricted to Locality of _____

Searchers
Initial JP
Date 3/18

FILE NUMBER

SERIALS

~~94-38605~~

~~62-62736-2-3386~~

~~100-9568-7~~

65-59518-8

Initialed

September 11, 1950

Mr. Thomas J. Flinn
19 Walter Street
Boston 91, Massachusetts

INDEXED - 28

RECORDED - 28 Mr. Flinn:

Your letter of September 9, 1950, with enclosure, has been received and I appreciate the thoughts which prompted your communication.

If you are again in possession of information of possible interest to this Bureau, you may wish to correspond directly with the Special Agent in Charge of our Boston Office, 100 Milk Street, Boston 2, Massachusetts.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

cc - Boston, with copy of incoming.

ATTENTION SAC: Correspondent enclosed a portion of the Saturday July 15 edition of "The Pilot" including the column by Father Gillis entitled "What's Right With The World" subtitled "American Inquisition" and including a column by one Dr. Goldstein entitled "Bit of This and That."

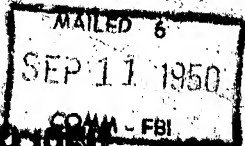
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DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/ldh

#90-1267

(per release
190-15457-EPF9)

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Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____



52 SEP 29 1950

RW

19 Walter F. Roslindale
Boston 31, Mass
Sept. 3, 1950.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Chief of The F.B.I.,
Washington, D.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/20/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267

Dear Sir:

The inclosed cut-out is from the
editorial page of "The Pilot" - a Catholic
weekly newspaper published at Boston, Mass.

My first reaction, after reading Dr.
David Goldstein's article on Trappach, Lie,
was to send it along to Senator Saltonstall.
Later, however, it occurred to me that per-
haps your department might like to look
it over. If all this is true concerning
Lie and his affiliation with Lenin's
Third International, then I should con-
sider him a questionable risk in
such a U. N. position of power and au-
thority; one who will need watching.

Very truly yours, *my*

Thomas F. Flinn

RECORDED - 28 100 - 351653 - 9

I am including Father Gillis
editorial only because above its title is
the date of David Goldstein's article.

J.F.F.

CV. N. Perovich

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ack 9-11-50
R.J.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmj

100-351653-9

ENCLOSURE

Dr. Goldstein: Bit of This and That

TRYGVE LIE—Now that Stalinites have withdrawn from nearly all the agencies of the United Nations, on account of refusal to substitute the Communist for the Nationalist China delegate in the Security Council: Now that the U. N. is at war with Communist Korea: Now that the Stalinites have refused to participate in the meetings of the Security Council, and are likely to give up membership in the U.N., it seems that the time is at hand for Trygve Lie, the defender of the Soviet cause, to resign his office as Secretary-General of the U.N. or at least to refuse to be renominated for another five year term.

THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE U.N. is an officer of great power and responsibility. He is the permanent authorized representative of the U.N., the link between the various U.N. agencies, the boss of about 3,000 interpreters, clerks, atomic experts, map-makers, economists, lawyers, and other specialists who serve the U. N. delegates. He has the power to call the attention of the delegates to any political issue he thinks is a threat to peace or security. He plays a leading part in the U.N., and therefore occupies a special seat at all the sessions of the delegates. The Secretary-General is elected to be a sort of a super non-partisan delegate of all the people of all nations. Therefore, he should be unimpeachably neutral, which Trygve Lie has not been.

THE HISTORY OF TRYGVE LIE during the years prior, and since, his selection as Secretary-General of the U.N., gives warrant for suspicion of his Red-Redism. Time and time again he has condemned Fascism and Nazism, but never a word has he uttered against Communism, that paved the way for Fascism in Italy, and Nazism in Germany.

TRYGVE LIE owes his position to the clever move on the part of Andrei Gromyko, chief Soviet U. N. delegate, whose threat to veto the selection of Lester B. Pearson, the Canadian Ambassador to Washington, as Secretary-General, upon learning that he had the support of eight of the eleven members of the Security Council, made way for his selection for the office. This took place after the Soviet delegates failed to elect Trygve Lie in place of Paul-Henri Spaak, the Belgian delegate, to the presidency of the U. N.

TRYGVE LIE immediately paid his indebtedness to the Soviet Union, by appointing Arkady A. Sobolev as his Assistant Secretary-General, who had served Stalin faithfully in Moscow and in his London Embassy. He also appointed Dr. Ivan Kerns, a Czechoslovakian Communist, as Secretary-General for Legal Affairs; Henri Langier as Attorney-General for Legal Affairs, known to have strong Communist leanings; and employed Gubitchev, the Soviet spy, who was recently convicted; and many others of Soviet sympathies and connections.

A FEW MONTHS AFTER HIS ELECTION, Lie rallied to the side of Gromyko in an endeavor to remove the Iran issue from the Security Council agenda, which called for the removal of the Red Army from Iran. His advice was rejected, with the result that the Soviet Union withdrew its troops, thus enabling the U.N. to win

one of its few victories. Trygve Lie endeavored to prevent consideration of the resolution condemning the Soviet Union for its West Berlin blockade, that was adopted by the Security Council, and vetoed by the Soviet delegate. He requested the Greek Government to commute the sentences of the Communist agitators and murderers, but never made any request for the commutation of the sentences of the thousands of innocent persons imprisoned and sentenced to death in lands behind the Iron Curtain. He attempted unsuccessfully to aid Stalin by preventing Yugoslavia from membership in the Security Council. He often condemned the "Fascist control of Spain," but never the Kremlin control of satellite countries, etc., etc., etc.

THE STORY OF TRYGVE LIE'S RECENT "PEACE" TRIP ABROAD is too well known to be repeated in this column. Suffice it to say that he found, what only a Soviet fellow traveler could find, that Russia wanted the United Nations to work. This was at the time when the Soviet delegates were boycotting all the U.N. agencies, and refusing to abide by its decisions. The reception given Lie by the Communists and their fellow travelers upon his return to our country, when, as the Communist press reported, he was "almost submerged in a sea of flowers" by the Reds and Red-Reds was in direct evidence of his unfitness for continuance in office, even though the recently given Henry Wallace credential lists him "World Citizen No. 1."

THE REPORTERS, knowing Secy. Gen. Lie's Communist favoritism, asked him upon his arrival from abroad—"Are you, or were you ever a Communist?" The genial 240 pound Secretary-General replied that he has always been a member of the Norwegian Labor Party, "which is a Socialist and not a Communist party." This was a half truth, as Trygve Lie well knew. It hid the fact that the N.L.P., of which Lie was a foremost official, was affiliated with Lenin's Third International, and that he was officially welcomed in Moscow in his official capacity in 1921. When the N.L.P. withdrew from the Comintern, Lie remained the leader of its pro-Soviet wing, remaining ever since in the good graces of the Kremlin.

TRYGVE LIE rendered a major service to Stalin in 1936, when as Minister of Justice in the Norwegian Labor Party Government, he was instrumental in deporting Leon Trotsky from Norway to Mexico, where an axe was planted in Trotsky's skull by a Soviet G.P.U. agent, that ended the existence of Stalin's arch enemy.

THE KOREAN SITUATION; the temporary, and possibly permanent ending of the Soviet Union's participation—with its veto power—in the Security Council, has given the United Nations its first great opportunity to safeguard the integrity of nations against Communist invasions. We hope the United Nations will go a step further forward, by substituting an impartial Secretary-General for the Soviet fellow-traveler who now occupies the position.

YOU CAN'T FOOL THE COP

John Smith happened to witness a minor holdup. In due time the police ar-

olved, and one of the cops asked the witness his name.

"John Smith," said Smith.

"Cut the comedy," snapped the cop. "What's your real name?"

"All right," said Smith, "put it down as Winston Churchill."

"That's more like it," said the Cop.

"You can't fool me with that Smith stuff."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/20/95 BY SP6BJS/BJG

Pilot 100-851653-9

BOSTON, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1950

Father Gillis: What's Right With The World

American Inquisition

MOST AMERICANS PROBABLY think that Patrick Henry's warning, "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," concerns only attacks made upon us by an alien nation. But it was spoken in the first instance to put the colonists on guard against what was at the time their own government. Legally the Americans were still subject to Britain. Even while under the King and the Parliament they agitated incessantly for the redress of grievances. When they finally broke with England they made the fact clear in the preamble to the Declaration that they did so because their own mother country, not some foreign nation, had abused them.

Recently a book has appeared with the title, "Our Enemy the State." Its author, Albert Jay Nock, is no Communist but a patriot in the tradition of Patrick Henry. He seems to have taken the Gospel text, "A man's enemies shall be those of his own household," and applied it not to an individual but to the nation. He presents the thesis that the most dangerous and potentially the most successful enemies of our original and traditional form of government are not in Moscow but in Washington.

I agree with him. Do I hear cries, "Treason, Treason"? Good friend, this is not treason. This is historical experience. It is fact. It is truth. The only bona fide patriot is the one who loves his country so much that he will not permit even its defenders to destroy it.

NOW WHAT HAS caused this outburst? Let me explain. For months, perhaps for years, I have been the recipient of communications from the Committee for Constitutional Government. It sends out leaflets, pamphlets, even sometimes books written in defense of American liberties. The communications are passed on to me by one who subscribes, a friend whom I know to be as immune to Communism or any other form of disloyalty as I am to atheism. What I have received and read seems to me as genuinely American as the Declaration of Independence. It is in the spirit and often in the phrasing of the Bill of Rights.

But now it seems that the government at Washington—no, not the government but the administration, (the government remains, administrations come and go)—the administration at Washington has come down upon the Committee, as upon some 165 other groups, with an inquisition which seems to them and to me a violation of a basic American right: the right to agitate, to reason, to argue, to persuade one's fellow Americans to join in a protest against the trend towards excessive interference of the State in the affairs of the citizen.

A questionnaire has been sent—mark you—not to all but to some of the organizations which attempt to influence public opinion. Among the 166 on the list are those in particular which have been critical of the economics and the politics of the powers that be at the federal capi-

tal. The inquisitors are a Congressional Committee on Lobbying, headed by Representative Buchanan of Pennsylvania. The ostensible purpose of the Committee is to investigate expenditures "relating to any attempt to influence directly or indirectly the passage or defeat of any federal legislation."

THAT WORDING IS obviously, and perhaps purposely, too sweeping. It might include even this present piece of writing which—heaven knows—is far removed from professional lobbying. It might include a number of similar pieces which I have written recently, and hundreds of those I have written not so recently. I am exercising here and elsewhere my right as a citizen to communicate an opinion to others and to ask them to join with me in opposing the encroachments of big government upon our individual liberties. I am practicing the "vigilance" of which Patrick Henry (or as some say, Thomas Jefferson) speaks.

If, as recently happened, I commend a book which contains facts, figures, arguments alleged to prove that our government has set its feet upon the road which Great Britain is following to its ruin; if I have copies made of that article and send them out to fellow citizens at the expense (let us say) of The Faulst Press; if I write to my Congressman and ask others to write to theirs; if I discover certain pamphlets which argue my case better than I can argue it myself, and if I send those pamphlets to others; if I give a lecture and at the end of the lecture ask some hundreds or thousands to join my little crusade against excess government; if I go on the radio and broadcast an appeal to possibly millions; if I have a friend who is going to Washington and I ask him to stir up the minds of men in that city, as another might in Keokuk or Kalamazoo or Menominee, do I thereby become a "lobbyist"? Must I register as a professional?

Mr. Buchanan admits that he cannot define the word "lobbyist." Nor can I. Nor can anyone. But the wording of the ad under which he and his committee operates would make every zealous American citizen a lobbyist. In that case the citizen might be called upon to answer under penalty these questions:

"What is the name of the man who went to Washington?" "What is his title?" (whatever that may mean) "On what date did he go?" "How much did he spend?" "Upon what?" "Who paid his expenses?" "What did they total?" And so on and so on.

Any American citizen who does not see the general trend of this sort of inquisition and its possible dangers is not in the Patrick Henry-Thomas Jefferson tradition. He does not practice the eternal vigilance which is the price of liberty. I may add that, in particular, the Catholic who remains unaware of the danger to the Church in this penalizing of free speech must be myopic. Of that I hope to say something next week.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: September 20, 1950
To: Mr. Donald L. Nicholson
Chief
Security Division
Department of State
Washington, D. C.
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Subject: TRYGVE LIE
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/amy
90-1267 (per release
190-15457 EBF9)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/28/77

Certain information which may be of interest to you concerning the captioned individual has been received by this Bureau from an individual of unknown reliability who said she was born in the United States and who lived in Norway for twenty years. Informant said her husband, a Norwegian businessman, was in Russia on business in 1914 and in 1915 and was in the United States on business during World War I.

RECORDED - 90 SEP 26 1950

The informant related that during the German occupation of Norway in 1940, almost all Norwegian government officials became members of the National Assembly Party which was referred to as the NS, which party she described as anti-Communist. She added her husband joined the NS. The informant also advised after the war Trygve Lie made an all-out effort to make Norway Communist and she added many Norwegian citizens who had previously been arrested were released from prison after signing Communist Party membership cards. The informant said that she and her husband were imprisoned because her husband had been a member of the National Assembly Party. However, she related that she was released from prison after three months because she was able to smuggle a letter to the American Embassy in Norway showing she was an American citizen. Informant added that her husband died in prison. However, just prior to his death he had confidentially advised her that he had personal knowledge indicating Trygve Lie was a member of the Communist Party and at one time was in the pay of the Soviets.

The above is being submitted to you for your confidential information and not for dissemination.

SGR:dpk

Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Harbo
Belmont
Mohr
Tele. Room
Nease
Gandy

52 OCT 3 1950

DECLASSIFIED BY 1259
ON 7-10-78

RECEIVED READING ROOM
SEP 21 10 20 AM '50

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

62-7187

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date: February 23, 1951

To: Mr. Donald L. Nicholson
Chief
Division of Security
Office of Consular Affairs
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

5P2A1411N
5-20-98
#389008

CLASSIFIED BY SP9 AG/long
3/1/96 #90-1267

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: UNITED NATIONS ORGANIZATION
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE.
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S)
DATE 8/4/78

An informant of unknown reliability but who has furnished accurate information in the past has advised that Olaf Aschberg (Ashberg) who resides in Paris, France, and in Stockholm, Sweden, exerts a far-reaching Russian influence on the United Nations affairs. According to the informant it was Olaf Aschberg who persuaded Trygve Lie to take Louis Dolivet into the organization of the United Nations. The informant said Aschberg has on many occasions approached Trygve Lie on important questions concerning Russian foreign policy. He said these contacts took place mainly during European visits of Trygve Lie which led him invariably through Stockholm. According to the informant Olaf Aschberg has known Trygve Lie since the time Trygve Lie was the secretary of the Norwegian Workers Party in the early 1920's. *Q U*

For your information three investigative reports containing background information concerning Olaf Aschberg and his son, Sture Aschberg, were furnished your Department as enclosures to my letter dated September 13, 1950, captioned "Sture Aschberg." You will note it is reported in these reports that reliable sources have described Olaf Aschberg as the founder of the Communist Party in Sweden and as a "Soviet financial angel." *Q U*

NOT RECORDED

MAILED 27 1951

This is being submitted for your ~~confidential~~ information and should not be disseminated outside your Agency.

SGR:jpa

cc - 105-11787
cc - Trygve Lie

DECLASSIFIED BY 1289
ON 7-10-78 SP1/mc

CLASSIFIED BY 359

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

DATE 10-10-82 BY SP1/mc

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

tz

Date: June 19, 1952

To: Mr. Donald L. Nicholson
Chief, Division of Security
Office of Security and Consular Affairs
Department of State
Washington 25, D. C.

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: TRYGVE LIE, SECRETARY GENERAL
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9AG/dwy
#96-1267 (per Release)
190-15457 CB FA

The Immigration and Naturalization Service recently advised this Bureau that Trygve Lie was admitted to the United States at New York City, on February 27, 1952, under the provisions of Section 3 (7), of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended.

Attached are two copies of a memorandum containing information concerning Trygve Lie.

This information is furnished for your confidential information and is not to be disseminated outside of your Department. In the absence of a specific request, no investigation will be conducted in this matter by this Bureau.

~~Attachment~~

JJD/fjb:jrf

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/1/78

DECLASSIFIED BY 1257
ON 7-18-78 JJP/dmk

RECORDED - 82

JUN 23 1952

80

EX - 15
SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BY SPL MSGR.

54 JUN 20

COMM - FBI

61 JUN 27 1952

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
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Tele. Rm. _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Assistant Attorney General
James M. McInerney

June 19, 1952

Director, FBI

TRYGVE LIE, SECRETARY GENERAL
OF THE UNITED NATIONS

The Immigration and Naturalization Service recently advised this Bureau that Trygve Lie was admitted to the United States at New York City, on February 27, 1952, under the provisions of Section 3 (7), of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended.

Attached are the original and one copy of a memorandum containing information concerning Trygve Lie.

The above information is also being furnished to the State Department. In the absence of a specific request, no investigation will be conducted in this matter by this Bureau.

Attachment

JJD/fjb:jgf

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/4/77

DECLASSIFIED BY 1359
ON 7-10-78

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmg
90 #90-1267 (190-15457 REGAN)

INDEX

100-351653-148

EX-140

JUN 23 1952

MAILED 7
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COMM-FBI

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/17/78

UNCLASSIFIED BY SP9 AGT/AMG
ON 3/11/95 # 90-1267

June 18, 1952

TRYGVE LIE

The Immigration and Naturalization Service recently furnished this Bureau information reflecting that Trygve Lie, a Norwegian National, born July 18, 1896 at Oslo, was admitted to the United States at New York City, on February 27, 1952, under the provisions of Section 3 (7), of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended.

Mr. Lie's occupation was reflected as "secretary General of the United Nations" and his destination in the United States was shown as "c/o United Nations, New York, N. Y." The purpose of his visit was reported to be to regain his post at the United Nations.

This Bureau has not conducted an investigation of Trygve Lie. However, our files contain the following information concerning him.

On April 29, 1951, the New York City Police arrested Israel Anter and Abram Jukira at the latter's residence, 170 Bleeker Street, New York City. Jukira was then believed to be the Executive Secretary of what was then known as the United Communist Party of America. At the time of their arrest, large quantities of Communist papers were found by the New York Police Department. Among these papers was a typewritten list of names of persons and publishing houses followed by an address in a foreign country. One of the names on this list appeared as "Lud. Jnr. Trygve Lie, Trorud Pr. Kristiansa, Norway." Not all of the names on this list were Communist or pro-Communist, in fact, several names were recognized as anti-Communist. This appeared to be a mailing list for the purpose of exchanging Communist and Socialist literature between the United States and Europe.

The publication "Plo a Talk" issue dated October, 1947, carried an article by Mr. Sheppard Morley entitled "Stalin's Tool in the U.S." This article is an indictment of Trygve Lie and embraces his activities from the time he first visited the Soviet Union in 1921, as a rising young official in the Norwegian Labor Party, until his election as Secretary General of the United Nations and thereafter. In brief the article attempts to show that "Trygve Lie had proved himself a reliable friend of the Stalin regime for nearly a quarter of a century and fully merited this display of confidence, for which he, in turn, has shown genuine gratitude by definite services to the USSR." The article continues in this vein pointing out that

Original to Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney

2 - Department of State

J. J. Daunt 8/17/78

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Tele. Rm. _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Date of Declassification Indefinite
Category 2
Declassify on: OADR

100-351653-125

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

in the 1930's Trygve Lie maintained his connections with the rulers of Russia through his position in the Norwegian Labor Party and his membership in an ultra-radical wing within the International Federation of Trade Unions at Amsterdam; that in the 1930's Trygve Lie performed his greatest service for Stalin; as Minister of Justice he was instrumental in deporting Stalin's archenemy, Leon Trotsky, from Norway in 1936; that the Norwegian Government through Trygve Lie, Foreign Minister of Norway, proposed to the Soviet Union on April 9, 1945, the Joint Defense of Spitsbergen. The nature and the sources of the information contained in this article are unknown and just how authoritative the article is cannot be determined. (100-351653)

An informant, whose reliability is unknown, advised in August, 1950, that it was her understanding that Trygve Lie was a Communist Party member and at one time had been in the pay of the Soviets. The informant, the wife of a Norwegian businessman, was a resident of Norway for twenty years. The informant related that during the German occupation of Norway in 1940, almost all Norwegian government officials became members of the National Assembly Party which was referred to as the NS, which party she described as anti-Communist. She added her husband joined the NS. The informant also advised after the war Trygve Lie made an all-out effort to make Norway Communist and she added many Norwegian citizens who had previously been arrested were released from prison after signing Communist Party membership cards. The informant said that she and her husband were imprisoned because her husband had been a member of the National Assembly Party. However, she related that she was released from prison after three months because she was able to smuggle a letter to the American Embassy in Norway showing she was an American citizen. The informant added that her husband died in prison. However, just prior to his death he had confidentially advised her that he had personal knowledge indicating Trygve Lie was a member of the Communist Party and at one time was in the pay of the Soviets. (100-3-80-259; Mrs. Ruth Hannevig, San Francisco)

This information was previously furnished to the State Department by letter dated September 20, 1950.

An informant of unknown reliability but who has furnished accurate information in the past has advised that Olaf Aschberg (Ashberg) who resides in Paris, France, and in Stockholm, Sweden, asserts a far-reaching Russian influence on the United Nations affairs. According to the informant (X) u

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

it was Olaf Aschberg who persuaded Trygve Lie to take Louis Dolivet into the organization of the United Nations. The informant said Aschberg has on many occasions approached Trygve Lie on important questions concerning Russian foreign policy. He said these contacts took place mainly during European visits of Trygve Lie which led him invariably through Stockholm. According to the informant Olaf Aschberg has known Trygve Lie since the time Trygve Lie was the secretary of the Norwegian Workers Party in the early 1920's. (X)u

The State Department has been furnished investigative reports on Olaf Aschberg. You will note that it is reported therein that reliable sources have described Olaf Aschberg as the founder of the Communist Party of Sweden and a "Soviet financial angel." (61-6629-112; Louis Gibarti) (X)u

This information was furnished to the State Department on February 23, 1951.

In July, 1951, a letter was received by this Bureau from Mr. Julian Snyder, Edgewater, Madison 3, Wisconsin. This person, whose reliability is unknown, advised that he met a close friend in August, 1950, who was acquainted with a member of Trygve Lie's household staff. The latter told a second party, who advised Mr. Snyder, that "Jacob Malik not only was a frequent visitor at Lie's home but that they drank heavily together." The household servant wished to convey the idea that Malik and Lie were not just friendly but intimate. This information was furnished to the State Department on July 3, 1951.

Jacob Kirchenstein is the subject of a security investigation by this Bureau and a self-admitted agent of the Communist International in England in the years 1920 - 1927. From 1917 to 1920, he was employed by the Commissariat of Railroads in Russia. Kirchenstein advised in July, 1951, that in his travel from Russia to England as a Comintern agent in 1920, he passed through Norway. At Trondheim, Norway, he met a newspaper editor named Lie or Lee whom Kirchenstein described as a Comintern contact. Lie or Lee and a Norwegian lawyer who accompanied him vouched for Kirchenstein's presence in Norway. Kirchenstein states it is his belief that this individual may be identical with Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations. (65-59088-53)

UNITED NATIONS



NATIONS UNIES

29415

P&T/T/LIE, Trygve

4 September 1952

Received from the State Department
through Liaison channels
Date 9/11/52

100
St. Helier
for [initials]

[Signature]

Sir,

It is respectfully requested that a 3 (7) non-immigrant visa be granted to Miss Guri Lie, daughter of Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Miss Lie is travelling in the near future to Europe. It will be greatly appreciated if the visa is issued at your earliest convenience, to prepare her for departure.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
T. A. Hayes
Director

Purchase and Transportation Division

COPY

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmj

Mr. H. J. L'Heureux
Chief, Visa Division
United States Department of State
Washington, D.C.

INDEXED-29 100-351653-13

9/9/52
Diplomatic (PM)
visa issued

EX-103

[Signature]
Teller

91 65
66 SEP 29 1952

RECORDED - 61

INDEXED - 61

29412

November 26, 1952

EX-108

Mr. John H. Teeter
Damon Runyon Memorial Fund
for Cancer Research, Inc.
Room 160, Hotel Astor
44th Street and Broadway
New York 19, New York

G.I.R.

Dear Jack:

Your communication postmarked November 21, 1952, has been received.

The interest and courtesy prompting you to bring the enclosed letter addressed to Mr. Walter Winchell to my attention are deeply appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Bufiles reflect relations with correspondent have always been cordial and previous acknowledgments have been handled in the above manner.
(94-41529; 94-44732)

DIC:nem:mfo

- Tolson
- Ladd
- Nichols
- Belmont
- Clegg
- Glavin
- Harbo
- Rosen
- Tracy
- Laughlin
- Mohr
- Tele. Rm.
- Holloman
- Gandy

RECEIVED
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U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FBI
NOV 28 10 12 AM '52
SP9 AG/dmy
190-1267 (per release)
190-15457-EBF9

MAILED 11
NOV 28 1952
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DEC 29 1952

Don

lie

29413

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

(Nov. 24, 1952)

The attached was sent in by
John H. Teeter

Attachment

mpd

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Ladd ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Laughlin _____
Mr. Jones ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

6-1

TRYGUE LIE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267 / per release
190-15457-2269

JOHN H. TEETER

WALTER WINCHELL FOUNDATION, INC.
DAMON RUNYON MEMORIAL FUND FOR CANCER RESEARCH, INC.

ROOM 160, HOTEL ASTOR
44 STREET AND BROADWAY, NEW YORK 19, N. Y
PLAZA 7-7184

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Chgo-Bu Mailing Unit
11-24-52
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ack

not

EX-100

RECORDED - 61

100-350653-14

DEC 10 1952

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE: 3/3/53

FROM : SAC, WFO

DECLASSIFIED BY SP9 AG/dmy
ON 3/2/95 #90-1267b6
b7C
b7DSUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
INFORMATION CONCERNING
[REDACTED] INFORMANTClassified by ~~1259~~
Category ~~3~~
Date of Declassification Indefinite

On 2-17-53, Agents of the Washington Field Office interviewed [REDACTED] unlisted phone number [REDACTED] in connection with a fraud against the government case. At the conclusion of the discussion of the FAG case, [REDACTED] volunteered the following information: Wash D.C.

He advised that he is [REDACTED]. He further advised that he has been [REDACTED] has at various times [REDACTED] and was [REDACTED].

According to [REDACTED] he knew TRYGVE LIE [REDACTED] but has had no contacts with him since [REDACTED] although he has had contacts with LIE's chauffeur. He stated [REDACTED] LIE had the general reputation in that country of being a Communist and added that he believes this reputation still exists [REDACTED] He said that LIE was educated in Russia and is a friend of STALIN, and that further while LIE held a position as District Attorney in Norway he kept LEON TROTSKY incommunicado and was responsible for subsequently sending TROTSKY to Mexico.

[REDACTED] said further that LIE accompanied QUISLING to Russia on one trip but he was unable to recall the date of this alleged trip. He said that one of the 48 issues of the magazine "Plain Talk", published at 240 Madison Avenue, New York City, carried an article concerning LIE which inferred that LIE was a Communist and gave considerable material on LIE's background. He stated this article was factually correct and to make certain LIE was aware of it he anonymously sent him a copy of the magazine.

[REDACTED] informed that in 10-52 he "crashed" a party at the Russian Embassy and there met LOUIS QUINTANILLA, the Mexican Ambassador to the Pan-American Union. The only other persons [REDACTED] said he recalled as being at the Russian Embassy party were PAUL ROBESON and an actor by the name of SILVER who appeared in the movie "Treasure Island". Wash D.C.

LDC:RA

CONFIDENTIAL
INDEXED - 26

cc - [LOUIS QUINTANILLA (105-3029)] (X) u

100-351653-15

MAR 5 1953

RECORDED - 26

APR 8 1953

See to OWA
7/1/53
DNR: [REDACTED]
3-26-59

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 3/1/53

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

COPIES DESTROYED

R472 SEP 25 1962

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

After this party [] said he was invited for dinner to QUINTANILLA's home which is located across the street from the Russian Embassy on 16th Street, NW. According to [] after dinner he and QUINTANILLA played a game of chess and QUINTANILLA asked him so many questions that he felt he was giving him "the third degree". From the nature of these questions, [] said he drew the conclusion that QUINTANILLA was a Communist but he could not furnish anything specific in this regard. He never the less stated that it was his definite feeling that QUINTANILLA was a Communist.

[] related that as a result of [] he has a definite feeling that there have been many Communists in []. Although he did not give any names, [] did say that [] were definitely Communist sympathizers. He added however that he felt that their Communist sympathy at that time could largely be attributed to the fact that Russia was one of our Allies. []

b6
b7C
b7D

In this connection he said he felt that some Communist sympathizers [] but added he did not specifically know of any. However, according to [] [] could probably furnish names and information on Communist sympathizers []. He said that [] could be contacted at his residence phone, [] or business phone, []. He also said he was willing to have anyone contacting [] reveal to him the source of the information.

[] said he felt Communist pressure is being constantly exerted both in government agencies and in diplomatic circles, and as an example cited the fact that one year ago [] was making a business trip to Bangkok, Thailand and was advised by some State Department official to stay away from him []. Informant gave no further information on this matter.

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[] advised that in the course of his business [] has access to other than "Iron Curtain" embassies. He said he has access to the Scandinavian, South American, Thailand and Indonesian Embassies and at various times hears information which he considers of importance to the internal security of this country. As an example of this he stated that he was recently informed by [] that Russia is presently building submarine bases in Indonesian waters.

[] portable transmitter receivers to the Thailand government and he described these as being about the size of a brief case. He said that these portable units are capable of transmitting messages from 50 to 1200 miles.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted] described himself as strongly anti-Communist and said he had been furnishing information to [redacted] in Washington who is the [redacted] but did not explain why he has been giving information to [redacted]

pc.

Informant said there was a question in his mind as to whom he should talk to since he feared leaks and felt that the Communists were capable of "eliminating" a person opposing them. He was advised of the jurisdiction of the FBI in matters relating to the internal security of the U. S. and was assured that any information he furnished would be kept strictly confidential. He then stated he would be glad to be re-contacted within the next month and would like to arrange some method whereby he could advise the FBI of information as soon as possible when he received it. Interviewing agents noted that [redacted] appears to be very cooperative.

b6
b7C
b7D

The Washington Field does not contemplate recontacting [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

29414

10
24
Waldman
envelope
g

Mr. Walter Winchell
New York.

Dear Sir -

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/86 BY SP9 AS/dmj

Do you know that Trygve Lie, United Nations leader is a former communist. As a young man he was a red hot speaker for the Communist youth movement in Oslo, Norway. We read in Jeremiah chapter 13. and vers 23: "Can the Ethiopian change his skin, or the leopard change his spots"

OSCAR TORK

NORWAY

Do you know that the present head of the Norwegian Labor government Ministry Oscar Tork, and all the ministers of the different departments of that Labor Government are all former communists. The present Norwegian Army is at least 25% communist. It is worth checking.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont

DATE: October 7, 1953

FROM : W. A. Branigan *WAB*SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gandy _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Sizoo _____
- Miss Gandy _____

New York, by air-tel 9/30/53, reported that, according to INS, the subject (former Secretary General of the United Nations from 1945 to 1953) had arrived from abroad on that date. New York stated that INS furnished this information in accordance with instructions by teletype from the Central Office of INS, Washington, D. C., that the FBI was to be notified immediately upon the arrival of Lie in the United States.

Bureau files reveal one main file relative to Lie (100-351653), but there is no indication therein that the Bureau has ever requested advice from INS as to the arrival of Lie in the United States. There are also approximately 500 "C" references to Lie's name, but these have not been searched. The main file has been closed.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Liaison Section be requested to determine from the Headquarters of INS whether there is any basis for the instruction to their New York Office that the FBI be notified immediately upon the arrival of Lie in the United States. The original incoming teletype from New York is attached.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dm
#90-1267 (per Release)
100-15457-EBF9

JSM:mjh
100-351653

RECORDED-65

OCT 20 1953

62 NOV 2 1953

AIR-TEL
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, 9/30/53

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU

TRYGVE LIE, INFORMATION CONCERNING. ON INSTANT DATE INS, NYC, ADVISED LIE ACCOMPANIED BY WIFE, HJORDIS, ARRIVED AT NY, INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, TODAY VIA SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM, FLIGHT 915. LIE CARRIED NORWEIGN DIPLOMATIC PASSPORT AND WAS ADMITTED UNDER H-1 VISA UNTIL DECEMBER 30, 1953. HIS PURPOSE IN COMING TO THE US LISTED AS: (1. DEDICATE THE A. H. FELL ROOM AT UN LIBRARY) (2. SERIES OF 31 LECTURES UNDER AUSPICES OF COLUMBIA LECTURE BUREAU) (3. DISCUSS PUBLICATION OF MEMOIRS WITH MAC MILLAN COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.) BASIS OF INS NOTIFICATION WAS TELETYPE FROM CENTRAL OFFICE, INS, WASHINGTON, D.C. TO NOTIFY FBI IMMEDIATELY UPON LIE'S ARRIVAL.

BOARDMAN.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267 (per release
190-15457-EBF9)

3 - BUREAU (REGULAR)

WTS:PHM (#6)
62-0

RECORDED 101

MEMO TO: A. H. Belmont
From: W. A. Branigan
JSM: wgh 10/7/53
Memo Recd to Belmont
10-19-53 OWP 10-19-53

Mr. Belmont

Approved: W. A. Branigan
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

58 OCT 27 1953

100-351653

Mr. Tolson	_____
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Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
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Mr. Glavin	_____
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Mr. Brannan	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *ahb*DATE: October 19,
1953FROM : V. P. *V.P.*SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Tolson	_____
Ladd	_____
Nichols	_____
Belmont	_____
Clegg	_____
Glavin	_____
Harbo	_____
Rosen	_____
Tracy	_____
Gearty	_____
Mohr	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Sizoo	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Reference is made to Mr. Branigan's memorandum of October 7, 1953, in which it was pointed out that INS in New York had advised our New York Office of the arrival of Trygve Lie in the United States. New York advised that this action was taken by INS based upon instructions from the central office of INS in Washington. However, a review of Bureau files failed to indicate that the Bureau had ever requested INS to take such action. It was recommended that INS be contacted to determine the basis for their action.

LIE
Mr. Edward Morgan of INS advised that ~~he~~ was formerly a member of the Norwegian Labor Party from 1919 to 1922 and a member of the Norwegian Soviet Friendship Society until 1945. By virtue of these activities he comes within the purview of Section 212 (a) (28) (c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act and is subject to exclusion from the United States. However, according to the provisions of this Act he is eligible to enter the United States on a special permit due to the fact that he has been actively opposed to Communism for the past five years.

It is a routine procedure for INS to notify the FBI in cases of this type when an individual enters the United States under the special provisions described above. The INS file contained no request from the Bureau that we be notified upon the arrival of Lie.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

NWP:bjl

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy

#90-1267 per release

190-15457-EBF 91

RECORDED - 86

EX-108

100-351653-18
OCT 21 1953

50 OCT 30 1953

INT-SEC

ESPIONAGE
SWK

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

706

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, 25, D. C.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy

FILE NO. (If any)
DATE 5-1-66

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS)	(First)	(Middle)	NATIONALITY (Citizenship)
OLIE	TRYGVE		Norway
UNITED STATES ADDRESS			
CARLYLE HOTEL NYC			
AIRLINE AND FLIGHT NO. OR VESSEL OF ARRIVAL			
PAA 41			
PERMANENT ADDRESS			
HOFFSU 30 OSLO			
BIRTH DATE		BIRTH PLACE	
7-16-1896		OSLO	
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION			
4-27-66 - JFK			
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF ADMISSION			
A-2 - D/S			
DESTINATION			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

Deputy Associate Commissioner
Travel Control

cc: C.I.A.

58 MAY 18 1966

Form I-57
(Rev. 7-15-63)

NOT RECORDED

19 MAY 5 1966

5 MAY 11 1966
REC'D
MAY 11 1966
MAY 11 1966

100-351653-

SEARCH SLIP

C. R. Jones

63/RB

Subj:

Sic, Inygn.

R #

60

Date

6/5

Searcher

Number

133

Prod:

60

JUN 6 1962

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

SERIAL

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/DM

LTD 100-351653-55-6-29-59

I 100-351653

I 100-351653-7 Sum 10-21-48

I 12 Sum 6-19-52

X ND 109-12-260-98, 99. R558 ND R558

ND 109-12-336-A THE EVENING STAR WASH, DC 2-14-61

Inygnue Haludon (By.)

I 62-77787-244 Sum 4-45

JUN 12 1962 (over)

200 71

SEARCH SLIP

Subj:

Pies, Eugene

R#

()

Date

6/5

Searcher

Number

133

Prod:

(Cont.)FILE NUMBERSERIALEugene(VAR.)62-87267-158All var. utel.sees on Rel. notlisted

SEARCH SLIP

63-1070
Jopds

Subj:

Lie, Inyane

R#

80

Date

3/8

Searcher

Number

719

Prod:

35

MAR 8

1963

NR

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

54
ntd. from 100-35165 3ds. 6/5/62

Lie, Inyane (war)

100-351653 I

100-351653-7 ^{Surv.} 10/21/48100-351653-12 ^{Surv.} 6/19/52

Inyane, Lie (aka)

3

all war. ntd.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/26/95

BY

SP9AG/amy

MAR 14 1963

14 1963

K10

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Truane, LeeR# 61700Date 5/13

Searcher

Number 739Prod: 1/1

MAY 14 1966

FILE NUMBERSERIAL440 100-351653 USA5/18/649-22128IL 100-351653 I 13IA 100-351653 - 7
Summ 10-21-48IA 100-351653 - 12
Summ 6-19-52IL Truane Halston (bu)IA 62-77787-244
Summ 4/45

MAY 19 1966

155

216

SEARCH SLIP

Jones
627K

Subj:

Lie

Try

ve

R#

837

Date

5/6

Searcher

Number

737

Prod:

32

MAY 7 1964

FILE NUMBERSERIAL

NO

I-100 - 351653

I-100 - 351653-7 (5 sum)
1/21/4812 (5 sum)
6/19/52

MAY 8 1964

Main & supplements
only listed
600-700 Secs on subj.
pwr. sp, not listed.

SEARCH SLIP

31 RB

Subj:

Lie, Eugene

R#

154

Date

11-1

Searcher

Number

749

Prod:

28

FILE NUMBERNOV 2
SERIAL

1961

I

100-351653

I

100-351653-7

Sum.

10-21-48

I

-12

Sum.

6-19-52

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE

4/28/95

BY

SP9 AG/DMY

NOV 6 1961

approx. 700 recs not
listed

4-22b (11-23-55)

13-P
SEARCH SLIP

Dunn
1539

Subj: Lee, Inman

R# 55 Date 6/2/59 Searcher Number 137

FILE NUMBER

JUN 30 SERIAL

und 105-16424-266-363-153

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP4 AG/DMG

I 100-351651

I 100-351653-7 Dunn

10/21/48

I 100-351653-12 Dunn

6/19/52

I 62-77787-A - NY Herald

Tribune 3/12/53

LETVENTO 2704

64-330-345-4-2128; 1667

I 65-60414-28

I 65-60255-160 JUL 9 - 1959

I 100-40377-253

I 100-236194-178 pg 67

I 100-311920-53 End pg 32

I 100-353709-613 pg 10

I 100-401791-669 10

I 105-19641-1

I 105-28730-1

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Die, TringR# 55Date 6/29/59

Searcher

Number 1137FILE NUMBERSERIALI 62-97856-64167 II 138-00-97I 66-6200-138-97Letren to 270464-330-345-5-4977:4937I 100-64700-1265 Encl pg 2-58I 1663; 1216 Encl pg 273 II 62-97856-67X1:6TX1:62LETREN LETREN TO 220464-330-345-5-5001I 105-19641-9I 62-77787-4479I 100-3-4477105-12518-23 I 57I 101-467-173 Encl pg 17I 100-380452-19 pg 13, 14, 38I 100-236194-165 pg 10, 11I 100-339376-16I 138-465-82I 100-347496-21

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Lie, Truque

R#

55

Date

6/29/59

Searcher

Number

137

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

to be forwarded from Grenquist list

100-64700-1209

Encl

2556

105-10313-118 pg 33

105-10689-13 pg 20

R696

105-13893-194

138-2254-24 Encl. I pg 82

77-21849-53

62-77787-4522

62-88217-1400 Encl pg 11

105-13893-560 Encl pg 2;

463X Encl pg 42

100-66573-91 Encl pg 6

105-16424-361-64

100-390629-28

100-335202-91

100-342058-559

65-57774-59

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Joe, EugeneR# 55Date 6/29/59

Searcher

Number 13755 FILE NUMBERSERIALLatrento 270465-60545-236-Mrs.see not listedEugene Halverson (BU)62-77787-244 (sum)
TBF # 15394/45Eugene (11a)I 40-39230-36R36561-524-87 Encl62-87267-155; 158R385ND 94-80350-596TBF from Baker 8740
100-365848-209 Enclpg 81, 83, 85-89, 91, 148, 161,163, 164, 167, 170-175I 100-360631-9I 105-18338-12

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Lucy, EugeneR# 55Date 10/29/59

Searcher

Number 137344 FILE NUMBERSERIALI Eugene (War)62-97856-59I 105-13893-238Eugene (War)Latventro 270465-60545-236I Eugene (War)40-41477-30

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Records Branch

_____, 19____

☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
☐ Service Unit - Room 6524
☐ Forward to File Review
☐ Attention _____
☐ Return to _____
 Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:

☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
☐ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Nonsubversive References Only
☒ Main sub Sum. References Only

Type of Search Requested:

☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject Lies, Trygve
 Birthdate & Place _____
 Address _____

Localities _____

R# _____ Date 10-23 Searcher Initials 705

Prod. _____

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

100 - 351653 I100 - 351653 - 7 Sum 10-21-4812 Sum 7-16-96Trygve Halvdorson62-77787-244 Sum 4/45Other refs not listed -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9AG/amy

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Handwritten: 749

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

FILE NO.
A-2
DATE
10-20-61

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS)	(First)	(Middle)	OCCUPATION
LIE	TRYGVE		
HOME ADDRESS			
not shown			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH			
not shown			
RACE		NATIONALITY	
		Norway	
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY			
A-2 D/S			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES			
10-20-61 NYIA			
DESTINATION			
Motel Drake, Park Ave., NYC			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F.B.I.

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
O.N.I.
1-57
(Rev. 10-1-60)

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy
#90-1267 (per release
190-15457- EBF9)

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

Handwritten: 100-351653-
NOT RECORDED
19 OCT 31 1961
1121
5-888

66 NOV 22 1961

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

FILE NO.

DATE

A-2

5/18/62

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS)	(First)	(Middle)	OCCUPATION
LIE,	Tnygve		
HOME ADDRESS			
Hoffsveien 30, Oslo, Norway			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH			
(DOB not given) Oslo			
RACE			NATIONALITY
			Norwegian
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY			
A-2; D/S			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES			
5/18/62; NYIA			
DESTINATION			
c/o Norwegian Consulate, N.Y.C.			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F.B.I.

jlq

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/28/95 BY SP4 AG/enc

#90-1267

(per release EBF9)
104 154531-61133

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

cc: C.I.A.
G.I.
O.S.I.
O.N.I.
1-57
(Rev. 10-1-60)

31 IN 27 1962

NOT RECORDED

19 MAY 29 1962

6-25

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

727
705

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

FILE NO. A-2
DATE 10/15/62

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS) LIE	(First) TRYGVE	(Middle)	OCCUPATION OFFICIAL
HOME ADDRESS HOFFSVEG 30, OSLO			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 7/16/96 OSLO, NORWAY			
RACE NORWEGIAN		NATIONALITY NORWAY	
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY OFFICIAL DUTY - A-2 DUR/STATUS			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES NYC 10/7/62			
DESTINATION DRANE Hotel, New York City			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 BAC/amy

#90-1267 per release

(90-15457-EBF9)

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
O.N.I.
State Dept.

Form 1-57
(Rev. 2-19-62)

NOV 16 1962

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

NOT RECORDED

10 OCT 28 1962

11-14

100-351653-5

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

A-2

FILE NO.
DATE 2-28-63

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS)	(First)	(Middle)	OCCUPATION
LIE, TNYGNE			
HOME ADDRESS			
Hoffou 30, Oslo			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH			
7-16-96 Oslo			
RACE		NATIONALITY	
		Norwegian	
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY			
A-2 D/S			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES			
2-28-63 NYIA			
DESTINATION			
Drake Hotel, NYC			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/20/95 BY SP9AG/dny

#90-1267 per release

(90-15457-1589)

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
O.N.I.
State Dept.

Form 1-57
(Rev. 2-10-62)

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

53 MAR 18 1963

105-351053-
NOT RECORDED
15 MAR 1963

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

FILE NO. (If any) A-2
DATE APR 26, 1964

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS) LIE	(First) TRYGVE	(Middle)	NATIONALITY (Citizenship) NORWEGIAN
UNITED STATES ADDRESS CARLYLE HOTEL			NYC
AIRLINE AND FLIGHT NO. OR VESSEL OF ARRIVAL SAS 911			
PERMANENT ADDRESS OSLO NORWAY			
BIRTH DATE JUNY 16, 1896	BIRTH PLACE OSLO, NOR		
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION APR 18, 1964 - JFKIA			
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF ADMISSION A-2 D/S			
DESTINATION CARLYLE HOTEL NYC			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/ldm
#90-1267 (per release 190-15457-EBR)

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
State Dept.

Form I-57
(Rev. 7-15-63)

Deputy Associate Commissioner
Travel Control

NOT RECORDED

19 MAY 1 1964

58 MAY 21 1964

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/28/95 BY SPAG/amy
#90-1267 per release
190-15457-EBF9

FILE NO. (If any)
DATE 4/27/66

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS) (First) (Middle) 0 TRYGVE LIE		NATIONALITY (Citizenship) NORWAY
UNITED STATES ADDRESS HOTEL CARLYLE, NYC		
AIRLINE AND FLIGHT NO. OR VESSEL OF ARRIVAL PAA 41		
PERMANENT ADDRESS HOFFEN 30, OSLO, NORWAY		
BIRTH DATE JULY 16, 1896	BIRTH PLACE OSLO, NORWAY	
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION 4/27/66 N.Y., N.Y.		
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF ADMISSION A-2 D/S		
DESTINATION SEE U.S. ADD.		

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
State Dept.

69 MAY 25 1966

Form I-57
(Rev. 7-15-63)

99 MAY 11 1966

Deputy Associate Commissioner NOT RECORDED
Travel Control

100-351653 5 MAY 5 1966

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

111 35

113 / 137

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

A-2	
FILE NO.	
DATE	6/19/59

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101(a) 15(A) or 101(a) 15(G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS) LIE, Trygve	(First)	(Middle)	OCCUPATION
HOME ADDRESS Haffst. 30, Oslo, Norway			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 1876 n Norway			
RACE		NATIONALITY Norwegian	
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY D/S			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES 6/19/59 NYIA			
DESTINATION H tel Commodore, NYC			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F.B.I.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9AG/dmy
#90-1267 per release
190-15457-EBF9

cb

cc: C.I.A.
G-2
O.S.I.
I-57
(Rev. 1-1-57)

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

NOT RECORDED

JUN 25 1959

7-10

100-351653-5

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Immigration and Naturalization Service

Instructions: Any handwritten entries shall be in block capital letters. All Spanish names shall be hyphenated with the father's name first and the mother's name following.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

A-2

FILE NO.
DATE
Nov. 12, 1960

The alien listed below has been admitted to the United States under the provisions of section 101 (a) 15 (A) or 101 (a) 15 (G) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

NAME (Last, in CAPS)	(First)	(Middle)	OCCUPATION
LIC	Trygve		
HOME ADDRESS			
Hoffsneien Olse Oslo Norway			
DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH			
July 16, 1896 Oslo Norway			
RACE		NATIONALITY	
		Norwegian	
PURPOSE AND LENGTH OF INTENDED STAY			
Ogg.F/D A-2			
DATE AND PLACE OF ADMISSION TO UNITED STATES			
Nov. 12, 1960 NYIA			
DESTINATION			
Chatham Hotel NYC			
ACCOMPANYING CHILDREN UNDER 14			

Other agencies are requested to furnish any derogatory subversive information regarding this alien to the F. B. I.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9 AG/dmy

#90-1267 per release
190-15457-EBF9

cc: C.I.A.

G-2

O.S.I.

1-57

(Rev. 10-1-59)

51 NOV 29 1960

pac

Assistant Commissioner
Examinations Division

100-351653

NOT RECORDED

17 NOV 22 1960

29

100-351653

fill 5

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: September 5, 1956

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Tolson _____
Nichols _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mason _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Nease _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Messrs. Ladd and Tracy informed me that some of the research people in the Commission of Government Security had made considerable comment on Trygve Lie's book, In the Cause of Peace, wherein on page 389 Lie has referred to charges of subversion on the part of employees of the United Nations. He turned the matter over to Byron Price who reported that the FBI could furnish no derogatory data on employees of the UN.

Ladd's recollection was that this was a fact, but connotations in which it was used would convey the impression that there was no derogatory information available. Ladd was wondering if we could furnish him any information either officially by letter to Loyd Wright or orally.

Mr. Stanley has reviewed the matter and it is recommended the attached letter go forward to Wright.

LBN:hpf

(4)

Enclosure *sent 9-20-56*

cc - Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/28/95 BY SP9AG/dmy
#90-1267 (per release
190-15457-EBF9)

ADDENDUM: LBN:nl 9-18-56 I went over briefly the background of this with Messrs. Ladd and Tracy on September 17. They both suggested that we send a letter to Loyd Wright since some of the research people have now written up the Trygve Lie comment without an explanation as to the Bureau's reason for declining to furnish information. I told them we would be glad to send such a communication.

EX-116

INDEXED-68 RECORDED-68

100-357653-19
OCT 3 1956

In the letter to Loyd Wright in the 3rd paragraph reference is made to the Chelf Committee Report, 1953, their investigation of the subversion in the UN and what was done about it. This reference is deliberate because, on page 12, the point is made that in the 1953 cases of individuals who appeared before the Grand Jury who were defiant it was revealed that the FBI had transmitted derogatory information and that "The State Department had either refrained from making any adverse comment to Lie or had delayed action from periods up to more than 3 years." Tracy and Ladd, of course, know about this report.

GIR 1

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. R. R. ROACH

DATE: December 12, 1956

FROM : MR. S. J. PAPICH

SUBJECT: TRYGVE LIE
INTERNAL SECURITY - NORWAY

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mason _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

On December 11, 1956, [redacted]

[redacted] During World War II Stockholm was a regional headquarters for OSS operations. During the course of his file review, [redacted] discovered a memorandum concerning the subject. The author of the memorandum was not identified. The communication indicated that the source of the information was a Norwegian who had worked for British Intelligence in Scandinavia during the Second World War. The memorandum contained the following information:

"In the course of a discussion of Norwegian politics source mentioned an incident in the past of two prominent Norwegian officials which has been forgotten with the passing of the years. In the summer of 1921 Trygve LIE now General Secretary of U. N. and Lars EVENSEN, now Minister of Commerce in the Norwegian Government, were arrested at Ostbanenstasjon in Oslo for illegal transport of money from Moscow, allegedly two bags. Source was unable to give further details but added that this happened at the time of Norway's greatest labor conflict which amounted to practically a general strike. It was after this incident that LIE became legal adviser to the Labor Party. Both LIE and EVENSEN in the early '20's were active in the organization MOT DAG, a radical academical society with a Communist twinge."

[redacted] advised that he was unable to furnish any information relative to the reliability of the foregoing. He stated that he wanted to pass on this data for the information of the Bureau.

ACTION:

CLASSIFIED BY 60367 NLS/EP100
 DECLASSIFY ON 25X 1
 940926

The above information is being directed to the attention of the Espionage Section.

SJP:bal
 (4)

- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Liaison Section
- 1 - Mr. Papich

2-9-83
 RECORDED - 74

DEC 14 1956

66 DEC 20 1956

EX-126

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
 OTHERWISE

SECRET

CLASS. & EXT. BY 383 VRT/DP 9-1-81
 REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 2/3
 DATE OF REVIEW 9-1-91
 Per CIA letter dated 7/1/81